The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1867. NO. 287.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

PROGRESS OF THE REVOLUTION.

The National *Intelligencer*, that able defender of the Constitution, in an elaborate article upon the above caption, expresses the following views upon the reconstruction bills before Congress:

"These bills abolish the Executive office. It is no answer to say that the President of the United States still exercises the Executive function in other States. The power to supplant it in one State is the power to supplant it in any other, and it any, then in all. If this bill become such a law as Mr. Johnson will feel himself bound to execute, he must become the Executive of his own displacement. As the customs of the Chickasaws obliged the condemned to mount the tree, affix the rope, put it round his own neck, and, at the word from the sheriff, launch himself into eternity, officially, as it were, it can be no less than the removal of the President, with reference to a territorial jurisdiction, for certain persons now holding commissions as officers of the army are to be erected into civil agents, with legislative, executive and judicial powers, responsible neither to the people nor to the Executive and Commander-in-chief of the United States, but solely to Congress, viz: to the revolutionary legislature who have virtually supplanted the Congress of the United States. If the people of any Northern State endorse this, what is to prevent Congress from passing to morrow, next session, or next year, for any one of them an act precisely similar? For example, what is to prevent Congress from enacting that in the State of Massachusetts there shall be absolutely no government except what is subject to a commanding officer, who shall not be removed without the consent of the Senate. It would be scarcely a step beyond to name the agent in the act. Thus, that people are at the mercy of Congress that they might to-morrow ordain that that brilliant and powerful State should be delivered over to the personal will of General Butler. Does a Massachusetts citizen smile to see how surely the accord between his State and these oppressors will protect him? Alas, that a freeman should sink so low as to substitute the clay assurance of transient party adhesion for the adamant security of eternal ethical principle. Your liberty is not worth a fire-cracker if you are content to hold it at the will of anybody. It could not last you through your own days, much less through the lives of your children, and if of shorter duration than this, it was not worth the seeking, and your patriot fathers were fools—your Bunker Hill monument is a satire, and your historical boasts a gross affectation.

From time to time, as these revolutionary bills came up for analysis, for discussion, and for expostulation, we have elaborately examined them. The contempt with which arguments drawn from the Constitution of the country, the jurisprudence, the habits of mind, manners, and above all, the profoundly fixed political ideas of American people, have been treated, until now it is scarcely with the decency of irony that the Constitution is ridiculed and contemned, have rendered that treatment of such topics almost as useless it would be in the clash of arms. Indeed, the only argument befitting these desperate issues is the argument which civil order makes against anarchy, and that argument never yet prevailed without the omnipresent majesty of law to typify it to the popular mind. But the robes of this majesty—the traitors who have already virtually abolished the legislative branch are about to abolish the executive branch, and must then soon abolish the most inimical of all, the judicial branch of the National Government—are employed to disguise their own bad work in, so that the masses are fain to believe, by bare presumption, that Congress is acting all the time within the legitimate sphere prescribed by the Constitution.

In a bill to exonerate generals from obedience to the Commander-in-chief, to erect public agents, and charge them in so many words with the "execution of an act" or acts of the Congress of the United States, and to declare in positive terms that no State whatever shall exist, except during his pleasure, in his district, is, to our mind, a *bill dissolving the Republic*, exonerating all who choose to accept it as a common law from all obedience to the Constitution and laws of the United States, removing the President from office, and substituting the principal military officer at the seat of Government, and sundry subordinates at other points. Such is a bill of the kind reported yesterday, if it be taken at its full import. Those who, as we do, regard it as no more capable of becoming a statute of the United States than a resolution dissolving the marriage relation in all the United States will sustain the Constitution, but how long this revolution can be stayed by mere argument, a confiding, but law-loving people's early answer must tell.

If liberty is to be preserved here, something must be done to show that such is the public desire, notwithstanding the comparative popularity of the workers of these monstrous engines of subversion. Let the people speak out. The old or the new Government?"

Translated for the "Sentinel," from the "Cronista," of New York.

"A very singular and amusing suit has been determined in one of the courts of Milwaukee. A young lady received and accepted the attentions of a gentleman for some time, and afterwards married another. The disappointment was great, but money is a balsam that cures the deepest wounds. Consequently, the burlesqued lover sued the young lady, and fixed his damages at the sum of $204.25. At first view, the amount appears extraordinary—not being a round sum; but the reader will not be surprised when he is told that it is the product of an account which the gentleman presented, in which are enumerated, with their appropriate values, the number of times he had carried the young lady to the theatre, to concerts, rural excursions, buggy rides, ice cream, &c. As this had the appearance of a running account, it was proper that credits should be allowed; so the lady was credited with various kisses received by the lover, and which were valued at $16,67½; various squeezes of the hand to the amount of $3,37½; a ring and a daguerreotype not returned, making a sum total of $37,75. The Judge decreed in favor of the defendant, deducting the kisses and other endearments at the price which had been put upon them. The disdained gallant received his damages and marched off, ready to form new and, it is to be hoped, more lasting friendships."

DRY GOODS.

TO THE LADIES.

Another lot of T. MILES & SONS' Kid and Morocco Shoes.

ALSO, LACED AND CONGRESS LASTING SHOES.

Also, a beautiful assortment for Misses and Children.

Call and you will return to your homes, saying, "I was lucky in stoping at Cooke's and getting a pair of Miles' Shoes."

July 5-281-tf G. T. COOKE.

SILK WRAPPERS.

A beautiful lot SILK WRAPPERS, which will be sold at Cost and no humbug.

A very large assortment of Ladies' Spring and Summer Dress Goods, which will be sold for a small advance on Cost.

July 5-281-tf GEO. T. COOKE'S.

ARRIVED AT LAST.

T. Miles & Sons' fine French Calf Boots.
Fine French Calf Gaiters,
" " " Oxford Ties,
" " Lasting "
Ladies Gaiters and Booties,
Children's, Misses and Boys shoes and gaiters at
April 29-223-tf GEO. T. COOKE'S.

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.

A beautiful stock of Parasols.
Umbrellas, small and large sizes, at
GEO. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-224-tf

50 DOZ. LADIES' LINEN CAMBRIC HANDkerchiefs, for sale Cheap at GEO. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-224-tf

PRINTS! PRINTS!!

A new lot of pretty PRINTS and MOZAMBIQUES, very cheap, at GEO. T COOKE'S.
July 4-280-tf

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE!

AT COST!!

FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY!!!

IN consequence of the daily decline of Goods, I have resolved to offer to the Public,

AT COST,

all of my fine and well selected stock of
DRESS GOODS,
of every description
PRINTS,
of the newest patterns,
SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS,
of the most celebrated brands,
HATS and BONNETS,
of the latest styles,
RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS, FLOWERS, &c.,
in great variety
SILK SACQUES AND MANTLES,
Hosiery, Gloves, Hoop and Balmoral Skirts, &c., &c.

Together with a full and complete stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's
SHOES,
of the best make.
TRUNKS and VALISES,
for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Remember this is no humbug, as the above Goods will be sold
AT COST,
For thirty days only;
And you will not have another chance very soon to buy your goods as cheap.

Come the old all, and look at the prices for yourself.

M. ROSENBAUM,
Raleigh, July 2-277-tf

BOOK STORE.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,
MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;
BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;
SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;
ALBUMS;
PERFUMERY,
FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-267-tf

BLUE AND GOLD POETS:

GOLDSMITH,	TENNYSON,
WORDSWORTH,	LONGFELLOW,
HOOD,	OSSIAN,
COWPER,	HALLECK,
MOORE,	SCOTT,
McCAULEY,	MEREDITH,
MISS MULOCH,	MORRIS,
WILLIS,	MILTON,
PRESTON,	BYRON,
BURNS,	HEMANS,
CAMPBELL,	COLERIDGE.

All just received at our new Store, next to Tuckers' new Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
May 29-249-tf

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION BOOKS,
BUTROWS MUSIC PRIMERS,
BAXTER'S SAINTS' REST,
SUNDAY SCHOOL LIBRARIES,
SPLENDID COLORED ENGRAVINGS,
CHILDREN'S ILLUSTRATED BOOKS,
ROBINSON CRUSOE, &c., &c.

Just to hand at our new Store, next to Tuckers' New Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 12-260-tf

FOR SALE

THE BANKING HOUSE AND LOT BELONGing to the Bank of the State of North Carolina, in the City of Raleigh, will be offered for sale, on the premises, on Tuesday, the 20th day of August next, at 12 o'clock, M.

TERMS: One third Cash; residue in three equal instalments of Six, Twelve and Eighteen months, with interest from day of sale. Bonds with approved security, will be required and title retained until the whole purchase money is paid. The Bank reserves the privilege of making one bid.

C. DEWEY,
July 9-285-2awtd Agent.

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of
CHOICE GROCERIES,
Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "D" Coffee, and brown of different grades;
Molasses and Syrup;
Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;
Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;
Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.
Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.
Pickled and smoked Salmon.
Liverpool and Table Salt.
Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.
Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.
Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits, Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.
Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.
Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.
All manner of Sauces, Pickles, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.
We sell strictly for Cash.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
April 3—tf Family Grocer.

ROBERT A. JENKINS, Williamsborough, N. C.
SAMUEL S. PERRY, Raleigh N. C.

JENKINS & PERRY,

Family Grocers and Commission MERCHANTS,

IN THE BRICK ROW,

Four Doors North of the Post Office and nearly Opposite Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Grateful for the flattering patronage with which we have heretofore been so kindly favored, we respectfully solicit an increased share of the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. Without specially *guessing*, we deem it sufficient to say, that our stock merely embraces such articles as are usually found in Family Groceries. Most of our goods have been recently bought in New York and Baltimore, for cash, and we hope to be able to sell them on satisfactory terms. In addition to our stock of Groceries, &c., we have a fine lot of

HATS AND READY MADE CLOTHING

and a splendid lot of Confectioneries, consisting of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, RAISINS, ORANGES, FIGS, NUTS AND BRANDY PEACHES, &c.,

all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

We have also a fine lot of genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco, which we can implicitly recommend to "those who smoke." Please call and see us.

We will pay particular attention to all consignments of Produce and Merchandise entrusted to our care and will endeavor to sell at the best market prices. Consignments are respectfully solicited. By a prompt and close attention to business and fair dealing with all, we hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

April 13-211-tf

RAILROADS.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD. 1867 1867

Through Freight Tariff.

NORTH AND SOUTH,

BY THE AIR LINE ROUTE!

WE are now prepared to ship all kinds of Freight through to New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, on through bills of lading, giving through receipts, at the lowest rate.

THIS IS THE LINE FOR SHIPPERS.

Your Goods will be handled only once.

Through connections close, no delay, time and expense less than by any other route. Insurance trifling compared with other routes. We take goods to and from Columbia, S. C., and all intermediate stations, with more promptness and dispatch than any Express Company at about one-fourth the cost.

TAKE NOTICE.

Persons shipping goods South will ship through the following agents and by the following named Steamship Companies and no other.

FROM NEW YORK,

By the Old Dominion Steamship Co., N. L. McCready, President, Office No 187, Greenwich Street, Corner Dey Street, Pier 37 North River, New York.

FROM BALTIMORE,

By the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, L. B. Parks Agent, foot of Union Dock, and Brandt's line of Steamers.

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

By the Philadelphia and Norfolk Steamship Co., W. R. Clyde & Co., Agents, No. 14 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

FROM BOSTON,

By the Boston and Norfolk Steamship Co., E. Sampson & Co., Agents, end of Central Wharf, Boston.

Consign your goods to R. R. Agents, Portsmouth, Va., and City Point. Goods coming by the way of City Point and Petersburg must be so marked.

C. B. ALLEN,
Dec. 5—tf Freight Agt. R. & G. R. R.

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. Co.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C. May 6th, 1867.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE ON R. & G. R. R.

ON and after May 7th, 1867, trains will run on R. & G. R. R. as follows: Daily

Mail trains leave Raleigh	9.30 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon	2.30 P. M.
Mail trains leave Weldon	10.30 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	3.50 P. M.
Freight train arrives at Raleigh	4.50 P. M.
" " leaves "	6.30 A. M.

The mail trains make unbroken connections with all points North and South as quick as any other route.

W. G. LEWIS,
May 6-229-tf Gen. Sup't.
Progress and Standard copy till forbid

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE.

The best and most desirable lot in the town of Albemarle, Stanly County, N. C. containing two acres of land, with a

GOOD TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE

of seven large and well finished rooms. Piazza in front. Kitchen, Smoke-house, Stables and other out-houses, a good and lasting well of water, nice flower yard, &c.

Price very low for cash. Apply at Sentinel Office, or address,

R. ANDERSON,
June 11-3mos* Albemarle.

GRAIN CRADLES.

Another supply of Sinclair's 6 Finger Grain Cradles received and for sale at manufacturers prices.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
June 19-266-tf Agent.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

STILL THEY COME AND GO!

NEW ARRIVALS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY THIRD SUPply of Spring and Summer Goods.

Just received 5,000 yds. of beautiful Spring and Summer CALICOES.

Just received 3,000 yds. Mohair MOZAMBIQUES and LENOS.

Just received 3,000 yds. Figured JACONETTS and LAWNS.

Just received 10 dozen Ladies' and Misses' TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS, and will be sold Cheap.

I have asked my friends and Customers to come to CREECH'S to buy their goods, and I am pleased to say that hundreds have come and are still coming.

I keep no time worn or shelf rubbed remnants. I buy new goods and read styles, and sell them right.

Come to CREECH'S to buy your goods,—R. Smith's Corner, Fayetteville Street.

ALEXANDER CREECH.
May 31-250-tf
Progress copy one week.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most
COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS
of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS, PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES, TARLETANS, PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell.

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
April 5-204-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

NO 44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

IN STORE,

50 Boxes White Low Class 8x10 and upwards.
40 Cooking Stoves.
Kerosene Oil by the barrel or retail.

J. BROWN,
For HART & LEWIS.
Raleigh, June 22-268-tf

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY,

OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BRANCH OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Persons having Agricultural and Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Town Lots, and all kinds of Real Estate for sale, are respectfully invited to place them in our hands for that purpose, as our facilities for bringing purchasers from Northern States and placing property prominently before the public, through our advertisements, and also through our agencies and correspondents in the North and West are unsurpassed. WE ARE NOW WAITING FOR LANDS TO PUT ON OUR BANDS FOR SALE, in order to sell to a party of substantial farmers from the North.

Our terms are as follows: Persons placing property in the hands of the Guilford Land Agency of North Carolina, will be charged two per cent. commission on all amounts realized. Five dollars entrance fee must be paid when the property is placed in our hands.

Persons as a distance wishing to place property in our hands, should give us an accurate description of the same. If Agricultural Lands, they should specify the soil, number of acres of cleared and timbered lands, the kind of timber, what is raised on the land, what kind of improvements are on the premises, how far from Railroad and from County-seat; whether it is well watered, &c. If MINERAL LANDS, they should state what kind of Minerals, the indications, &c., always sending a good fair specimen of the ore. It would also be advisable to send a sketch of the land to us.

REFERENCES.

His Excellency Gov. Worth, of N. C.
Hon. W. A. Graham, Hillsboro.
Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte.
Thos. Webb, Esq., Pres N. C. R. R. Hillsboro.
Hon. John A. Gilmer, Greensboro.
Col. Thos. Ruffin, Graham.
Hon. John Letcher, of Virginia.

For terms of sale, entering Lands and all further information, address or apply to

PH. THIEM, Agent,
June 28-274-3m Raleigh, N. C.

DR. LAWRENCE'S,

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

THE GREAT SOUTHERN

Blood and Liver Medicine,

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD,

RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICE $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

Recommended by distinguished Physicians, Chemists &c., &c.
June 20-271-tf

WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

WORTH & DANIEL.

Shipping & Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Genuine Peruvian Guano direct from Government Agents.
Salt, Hay and all kinds of Coal.
Agents for Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.
Agents for the Philadelphia Southern Mail Steamship line.
Agents for Goodspeed's weekly Steamship line from New York.
Agents for Jonas Smith & Co's. line of New York sail packets.
Feb 6-154-6m

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

HAVING ATTENDED THE LARGE

Closing Auction Sales

Of the Season last Week, and procured

MANY VERY

DESIRABLE GOODS

SUITED TO THE WANTS OF THIS COMMUNITY, I AM PREPARED TO OFFER THE

BEST AND CHEAPEST

DRY GOODS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY!

Among the many to be found, are:

500 yards real silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 25, at 62½ cents.
1,000 yards real Silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 50, for 75 cents.
1,000 yards Silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $2 50, for $1 00.
Plain Black and solid Colored Grenadines, at correspondingly low prices.
These goods are just the thing for the season and much needed, as they have been very scarce and high.
2,000 yards neat, pretty Dress Goods, in all kinds of thin fabrics, worth 50 to 75 cents, for 25 to 37 cents.
The best article for Traveling Dresses I ever saw, worth $1 50 for 62½ to 75 cents.
The most desirable shades of gray and drab Alpacas, at 75 cents to $1 00 per yard.
8-4 White and Black Crape Moreta. Also Grenadines.
5,000 yards Black Alpacas: positively the greatest bargains ever offered in this market, at 50, 62½ 75, 87½ cts., and $1: worth in every instance double the money.
3,000 yards Black Silks, of the most approved makes, in Taffetas and Grotrain, for $1 00, $1 45, $1 50, $1 75, $2 00, and $2.50. These prices are from 50 cents to $1 00 per yard less than any similar goods have been offered in this market.
1,000 Parasols, in every style and variety, about half price—say from $1 50 to $2 50.
Also, Sea-side and Promenade Parasols, very desirable for traveling, watering places, &c.
The largest and finest assortment of Real Point Lace Goods ever offered in Petersburg, for less than half their value.

Real Point Collars!

Real Point Collars and Cuffs!

Real Point Setts!

Real Point Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs!

One real Point Applique Lace Shawl, a very valuable article worth $20.
10,000 yards of magnificent Lawns, from 20 to 50 cents, worth double the price.
The best Lawn ever offered in Petersburg for 25 cents.
1,000 yards Buff Linen Lawn, for Ladies' morning dresses; the most desirable goods in the market.
Also, 5,000 yards of Spanish Linen, Linen Coating, Linen Drills and Canvas Ducks, at 25 to 50 cents per yard, worth 50 cts., to $1.
Also, 100 pieces Canton Matting from 37½ to 65 cents per yard. Among them is the XX Imperial, the best Matting made.

It is not necessary to add more, nor to say I am selling lower than any one else. The public are the best judges of this, and I hope they will give their verdict substantially in my favor by their liberal patronage, and I will assure them I will leave no effort untried to please.

THOMAS SMITH,
No. 25 Sycamore Street,
PETERSBURG, VA.
June 20-269-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE.

Mount Pleasant, Cabarrus County, N. C.

The next School Term of this Institution will commence on the First Monday in August, 1867.

The course of study to be pursued is thorough, the government firm and decided; the expenses very low; the health and morality of the community unsurpassed.

EXPENSES, IN U. S. CURRENCY. For Session of 10 months:

Board, $10.00 per month,	$100.00.
Tuition, College Classes,	50.00.
" English Classes, (Preparatory)	30.00
Room rent, Fuel, Washing, &c., about	25.00.

All indigent young men, maimed in the late war and incapacitated for severe physical exertion, will be charged only one half of the above rates of Tuition.

For further particulars, send for a Prospectus. Address,

L. A. BIRLE, A. M.,
Prof. Ancient Languages,
Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., N. C.
June 14-262-3m

PATENT IMPROVED METHOD OF

SINKING WELLS,

OR

THE NEW LABOR SAVING

ECONOMICAL PUMP.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE AND exclusive right to the patent improved method of sinking Wells, for the State of North Carolina, we desire to have a good and reliable Agent in every county of the State.

As it is desirable for every family to have an abundant supply of water, on their own premises, for convenience, safety and economy, the sale of this Pump offers a fine opening for an enterprising man in each county, to engage in profitable business.

OUR PRICES ARE FOR No. 1 SIZE, $25;

No. 2, $30.

WITH A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO AGENTS.

We have a No. 2 Pump in operation in front of our Store, No. 22, Pettigrew Street, which was sunk in an hour, and supplies about 3,000 GALLONS of pure water per day. They can also be seen in operation at the Gaston House, and at other places in Newbern; also at Kinston, Beaufort, Morehead city, and at many other places.

This is the cheapest and most speedy mode of obtaining water in any section, as you can overlook any stream of water reached, which is not satisfactory, and obtain only that which is most desirable.

Address correspondence for information, agencies or orders, to

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
June 8-256-tf Newbern, N. C.

N. C. BACON,

2000lbs Prime N. C. Bacon hog round just at hand and for sale at market rates.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
June 19-266-tf Com. Merchant.

SOUTHERN SHOE FACTORY

THOMASVILLE, N. C.

AS SUCCESSORS TO J. SHELLY & SON, established in 1859, with enlarged capital, the most improved machinery, and best workmen, we will sell every style of

MEN'S, BOYS',
YOUTH'S, WOMEN'S,
MISSES' AND
CHILDREN'S
PEGGED SHOES,

as cheap as the same quality of goods can be bought in New York City or elsewhere.

SHELLY BROTHERS & CO.
April 12-210-3m*

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

The North Carolina Publishing Company have on hand and for sale a large and varied assortment of

BOOKS,
LAW & EQUITY,
MEDICAL,
RELIGIOUS,
SABBATH,
MUSICAL,
STANDARD,
SCHOOL,
MISCELLANEOUS.

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

ALSO,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

STATIONERY, &c.

Together with other articles common to a Book Store, all of which will be sold very low, for the Cash.

This Company is also prepared to execute, with neatness and dispatch, orders for printing

BOOKS, CARDS,
CIRCULARS, CATALOGUES,
HAND BILLS,
&c., &c.

Call at No. 1, Fayetteville Street, or Address,

W. H. CUNINGGIM,
July 4-280-tf Agent.

GREENBRIER WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,

WILL BE OPENED 1ST. OF JUNE, 1867.

The popular and far-famed WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, in Greenbrier county, West Virginia, will be open the ensuing season for the accommodation of a large number of visitors, and will be kept in the best style by the Lessees, GEORGE, L. PEYTON & CO., assisted by WILLIAM H. PEYTON, brother of the principal, both of whom are experienced hotel-keepers.

Near the White Sulphur is an excellent Chalybeate Spring.

Rosenberger's celebrated BRASS AND STRING BAND of Baltimore has been engaged for the season.

The rights of parties owning Cottages at these Springs will be respected upon their giving timely notice to the lessees of their purpose to occupy them.

The railroad will be completed to Covington by 1st July; from thence to the Springs by stage, and a sufficiency of coaches will be provided to ensure comfort to passengers, as not over ten will go upon a single coach.

Cholera is unknown in the regions of the White Sulphur Springs.

GEO. L. PEYTON & CO.
June 1-252-6w

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY Virtue of a Decree of the County Court of Washington County, May Term 1867, I shall expose for sale, on Tuesday, 20th August, 1867, at the Court House door in the town of Plymouth, the undivided interest of Joseph B. Roulhac, deceased, (which is the one half,) in the Swamp known as the "ROULHAC SWAMP" in Washington County, lying on the Turnpike and adjoining the lands of S. H. McRae, Hardy Everett, and others,—containing, by survey,

FOUR THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED AND SIXTEEN ACRES.

Said Swamp has a considerable quantity of Cypress Timber, has a fertile soil and presents every advantage, with sufficient draining, for one of the finest farms in the country.

TERMS: A credit of Six, Twelve and Eighteen months, with Two Hundred Dollars cash to pay costs and charges.

JOSHUA S. SWIFT,
Administrator, &c.
Plymouth, N. C. July 5-281-dawtw*

W. BOYD,

GROCERY AND PROVISION DEALER,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Buys and Sells all articles of Produce on Commission.

Orders and Consignments solicited.

W. BOYD,
June 24-269-3m Charlotte, N. C.

LOST.

Certificate, No. 185, for 15 shares of Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road Stock, standing in the name of D. M. Lewis, has been lost. As Administrator of D. M. Lewis dec'd, I shall make application to the Board of Directors for a Duplicate.

SAMUEL T. WILDER, Adm'r.
of DAVID M. LEWIS, Dec'd.
Louisburg, June 29-274-2aw3w

There cometh glad tidings of joy to all,
To young and to old, to great and to small;
The beauty which once was so precious and rare,
Is free for all, and all may be fair.

By the use of

CHASTELLAR'S

WHITE LIQUID ENAMEL,

For improving and beautifying the complexion.

The most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint, that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Moth, Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same, leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use can not be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable preparation, is perfectly harmless. It is the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian as indispensable to a perfect toilet. Upwards of 30,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guarantee of its efficacy. Price only 75 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists
April 6—265-1ydaw 285 River St., Troy N. Y.

CRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes, and radiant hair,
Whose curling tendrils soft entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.

CRISPER COMA,

For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.

By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and post-paid, for $1.

Address all orders to
W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette Street, SYRACUSE, N. Y.
April 6-1ydaw

FOR SALE.

Another large lot of N. C. Cut HERRINGS, in kegs and Bbls.; Family Roe Herrings in kegs and Bbls.; Grease Herrings and Rock in Bbls.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
June 8-256-tf Wholesale Grocers.

RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALLAN & JOHNSON.

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.

1506 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.
Oct 13-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

STRANGERS VISITING RALEIGH ARE VERY politely invited to call at

WATSON'S GALLERY OF ART, AND EXAMINE THE MANY BEAUTIFUL

PAINTINGS,

OIL PORTRAITS,

PHOTOGRAPHS &c.

On exhibition at this establishment.

Photographs executed in the finest styles of the art.

Particular attention given to copying old Daguerreotypes &c.

J. W. WATSON.
Raleigh, June 4-253-tf

J. T. MORRISS & BRO.,

127 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,

18 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

AND

Manufacturers of all Kinds of Furniture,

—ALSO—

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Enameled Cloth and Floor Matting.

Call and examine our stock. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.

April 15-212-3m*

THE TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally *pure* flavoring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed,		Tonka Beans,	
" Bergamot,		Gum Styrax,	
" Cinnamon,		Mace,	
" Citronella,		Nutmegs,	
" Cloves,		Angelica Root,	
" Geranium,		Orrisa "	
" Lemon,		Snake "	
" Mirbane,		Valerian "	
" Nutmegs,		Aniseed "	
" Sassafras,		Cardamon Seed,	
" Wintergreen,		Coriander "	
Allspice,		Fennel,	
Cinnamon Bark,		Gum Arabic,	
Cloves,		Olive Oil, &c.	

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell very low.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
May 27-247-tf Petersburg, Va.

FOR RENT.

The building lately occupied by the Biblical Recorder Printing Office, known as the old Register Office. Enquire on the premises.

HUPHAM & HUGHES.
June 4-253-tf

Valuable City Property for Sale.

ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE HOUSES and Lots in the City, (front of Nash Square) lately occupied by Mrs. Ruffin Tucker, dec'd. The House contains 10 Rooms, all well furnished. Lot about 2½ acres, grounds beautifully ornamented with Shrubbery. Conservatory filled with the rarest flowers and garden of fine vegetables and choice fruit trees, all necessary out buildings, and well of pure water. Possession can be given immediately.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
mar 2-175-tf

MILL GEARING.

Mill and Cotton Gin and Threshing Machine Castings, and Screws, and all kinds of repairing furnished upon short notice, at our Foundry and Machine Shops.

B. F. WILLIAMSON & CO.
June 18-264-tf

GRAIN CRADLES.

Just received a supply of Sinclair's Patent 5 and 6 finger Grain Cradles—the very best make out. Orders solicited at once.

JAMES M. TOWLES.
May 28-tf Agent.

ATTENTION PHYSICIANS.

A Physician, enjoying a good practice in a thriving Village of 1500 inhabitants, on the Central N. C. R. R., is desirous of selling his house and lot, together with his good will, to some reliable and intelligent Physician, as he desires to go into other business.

For particulars, apply at
June 28-273-1m THIS OFFICE.

MEDICINES, &C.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe. Being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by
R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE

AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally. For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact wherever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston B. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

Prepared and sold by
R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleig

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

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" " six months,	2,50
Weekly Sentinel, one year	3,00
" " six months,	1,50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1867.

GEN. SICKLES' LETTER.

We publish, to-day, the letter of General Sickles to Senator Trumbull. Coming from a Republican and of course tinged with that peculiar phase of politics, it is nevertheless a manly, wise, able and statesmanlike view of the situation, as impressed upon a clear intellect, by actual observation and experience. We do not hesitate to affirm, that no honest and clear-headed Northern statesmen, cognizant of the facts, as Gen. Sickles is, can take a different view of the questions involved in his letter.—Some, perhaps, would go still further than he has done, as Mr. Greely would no doubt do, and contend that universal suffrage to the black race should bring with it universal amnesty to the whites.

The idea, which seems yet to linger on the Northern mind as a bug-bear, that there lives in the South a man of any consideration, who yet meditates or desires evil to the United States government, is supremely ridiculous and nonsensical. It is a mere *ignis fatuus*, existing only in a deceived or disordered brain. Gen. Sickles indulges no such fears, except from the ignorance and the incompetency of those very men, who have always been characterized by their fickleness, their cowardice or their total inefficiency to do anything. An honest man, who frankly tells you he differs with you, yet acquiesces and obliges himself to do certain duties, however humiliating or unpleasant, will not deceive you. And it was a careful analysis of real Southern character and the facts constantly exhibited around him, together with the actual wants of the situation, which elicited from Gen. Sickles this important and noble letter.

Unfortunately, Congress cannot see this matter from the same stand point. Mr. Wilson's and Mr. Kelly's special associations, when on their late Southern tour, unfit them to appreciate the solid views of this letter. Gen. Sickles, on the other hand, has mixed with society as it *is* in the South—with the grave and the gay, the old and young, the black and white, the upper, the middle and the lower strata of society, and he sees, very clearly, that in testing the untried experiment of general negro suffrage, the *bone and sinew* of the land must be put in the opposite scale, to maintain a proper equilibrium and to give consistency and character to the experiment. There is sound statesmanship in this view, and should Congress disregard the admonition, it will see its error when it is too late.

Is it not strange that Congress is afraid to trust the best and the bravest of our people? Is it afraid to put the Republican party in a position to share, at least with other parties, in the new converts which may be made from the bone and sinew of the South? Does it scout secessions from the true men of the South? Is it still bent upon trying to make all its conquests by brute force and numbers? Does it discard, and is it afraid of, the *brains* of the South? We hope it will reflect, and that the sober second thought will yield to the logic and the statesmanship of Gen. Sickles' letter.

SENATOR WILSON.

Those of our people, who heard any one of this gentleman's speeches, during his missionary tour through North Carolina, will remember how mellifluous, bland and persuasive he was, in assuring us that he regarded the Sherman Act as a *finality*. He spurned, with a sort of pious indignation, the idea that Congress would add one *iota* to the provisions of that bill, if the people would only evince a disposition to comply with its terms. Well, even Mr. Wilson will not dare to pretend that the *people* have failed to exhibit such a purpose. Indeed, on his return to the North, after his tour, he declared, in a public speech, that he found the South ready and anxious to reconstruct on the Congressional plan. But, because *Mr. Stanbery* has written a certain legal opinion, no sooner does Congress meet, than this man of mighty promises introduces a bill to vacate all civil offices in the Southern States in thirty days! This was too much for even a Radical Senate, and a subsequent proposition, also made by Mr. Wilson, to engraft that feature upon the Judiciary bill, which has just passed, was summarily voted down.

This treacherous movement of Mr. Wilson's called out a withering rebuke from Senator Frelinghuysen, who, Radical though he be, has no idea of violating *his* solemn word. He said that he would not add one jot or one tittle to what Congress had declared to be a finality, and he would not therefore vote to turn ten or fifteen thousand civil officers out of office. He believed a policy of mildness and conciliation, tempered by justice and right, would do more to restore harmony and peace than any policy of confiscation and disfranchisement.—The Senator, who uttered these honorable sentiments, is a son of Theodore Frelinghuysen, who was the Whig candidate for the Vice-Presidency, on the ticket with Mr. Clay, in 1844.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

The reply of the *Register* to the inquiries of the *Sentinel*, as to what the Republican party is, and what are its aims, does not supply the information we desired. We have not in our possession, and desire the *Register* to publish, for the information of its readers and ourselves, the platforms of that party in 1856, 1860, 1864, and what is its platform now, and what are its aims. We shall reserve comment, perhaps, until we get that information.

FOUL BIRDS.

The character of the parties, as well as the schemes of those who are laboring to tear down the existing governments of the Southern States, ought to be known and exposed. We learn that a number of those "foul birds" have gone off to Washington to labor to effect their object. They are ycleptwhite and black birds, but if we are to infer the character of the Senate from its vote on Mr. Wilson's proposition, they will return as they have heretofore done, with their fingers in their mouths. Now these birds talk of oppression from the State governments and their interference with the work of reconstruction. These charges are utterly without foundation. No such propositions have been submitted to any respectable body of people in the State.—They are emanations from the vindictive and malicious, and the ignorant have been imposed upon.

But there is one fact which is significant. These "foul birds" always have a motive in their malice. They go to Congress with false, unfounded clamors against their betters in the State, and, if they fail at that, then they go whimpering to Congress for special favors for themselves. The "delegation," which has gone to Washington with the avowed object of seeking the overthrow of the State government, the care and oversight of which has been, and will be, committed to Gen. Sickles, have in their breeches pockets still more weighty propositions, (*with them,*) asking Congress to remove the disabilities from the "old sinners" among the Southern loyalists. Such traitors and weak-kneed latter-day saints, who are itching to get into the State Convention—those old slave drivers, who made little or nothing of tieing up and hand-cuffing their former slaves and sending them off to Georgia, New Orleans, and to Richmond, for sale, like so many sheep,—*they* are the men who go to Congress and ask to be relieved of their disabilities. The country has suffered enough from the conduct of these men.

Mr. C. J. Rogers, an old negro driver and trader, who perched himself upon the platform which fell down on the 4th,—it was he, and such men, who could appeal to the dear colored people, (for there were no whites to appeal to) to petition Congress to remove the disability from the "old sinners." Calvin, who opposed the Howard amendment to get elected, has always been slippery, blowing hot and cold, and never reliable, has at last settled down on the right spot. He thinks if they can only succeed in having the disabilities removed from the old negro-drivers and traders of his party, he can get an addition of 20,000 voters.—Well let the "old sinners" and the negro traders get enfranchised, for we are opposed to no citizen's enfranchisement, and try their hand for the Convention in North Carolina; and the colored people, alone, will sink them so low they'll never flutter again. The colored people of the State will vote for no man who has been a negro driver and trader, or who separated poor colored men from their wives and children and sent them off hand-cuffed to be sold.

The Fourth of July Orator at Elizabeth City (who, we will guarantee, is a candidate for something,) went a bow-shot beyond any of his cotemporary "glorifiers" in eulogizing Mr. Lincoln. He should have blushed for shame, or some one in the crowd should have blushed for him, when he said:

"Abraham Lincoln, the great emancipationist, in whose lustre the holy shadow of Washington, "the Father of his country," *could scarcely be discerned!*"

That man's patriotism is small and statesmanship excessively diminutive, who could institute such a comparison, and to the disparagement of George Washington. His name is *Pool*, (C. C.) and he has recently been appointed a Register in Bankruptcy by Judge Brooks.

"Dull times are prevailing in the financial circles in Richmond. Two business houses closed yesterday, and it is rumored that the three principal hotels will have to close for want of patronage. Three stores in every block, on an average, are for sale or rent."—*Cor. N. Y. Herald.*

Is this at all surprising, in view of the mad action of Congress,—the tendency, if not the design, of which is to crush out all of vitality and spirit that is left in the South? Persisted in, the time will come when this nature-favored section, instead of being a source of national power and revenue, will be an incubus to and dead-weight upon the government.

Cold Comfort.—It is well known that several of those who voted for the ordinance of secession in this State are now the most "loil" men we have. They only signed "under duress." We quote the following episode in the Senate proceedings of Wednesday for their benefit:

"Mr. Sumner claimed that every voter for a secession ordinance was a rebel.

Mr. Tipton considered voting for ordinances of secession as the crime of crimes."

Apropos to this, the testimony of Gen. Sickles, furnished in his letter in another column, is important: "The zeal of some of the converts outrims the discretion of many of *the faithful*."

But will their disabilities be removed?—Hardly, with the consent of Messrs. Sumner and Tipton.

Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, announced in Congress, on Wednesday, that the Judiciary Committee were not ready to report on the impeachment question, but would be prepared to make their report at any session held after the 16th of October next. He further stated that five members of the committee did not believe the President had committed high crimes and misdemeanors such as to justify impeachment, and that the other four were of the contrary opinion.

The military commander at Nashville, Tenn., has denounced as very reprehensible the action of the Militia Inspector General of the State in sending negro troops to Franklin, where the recent riot took place. It is hoped by the people of the State that in consequence of this difference between the Federal and State troops General Thomas will take steps to have the latter replaced entirely by troops of his own command.

THE ACTION OF CONGRESS.

We publish, in another column, the supplemental Reconstruction Bill, as reported from the Judiciary Committee of the Senate, through Mr. Trumbull, the Chairman. The telegraph informs us of its passage by the Senate on Thursday night, after having been changed in a few particulars. For instance, the clause in the second section, authorizing Commanders to fill vacancies by the appointment of competent officers or soldiers of the army, has been amended by also authorizing the appointment of civilians; and the words "whether holding such office at the time of the rebellion, or before," have been incorporated in the sixth section.

Each House of Congress has thus perfected its supplementary legislation. It remains to be seen which will be finally adopted, or whether a compromise of some character, embodying features of each, will not be agreed upon. It is said that there is a choice between evils. That may be so, sometimes, but there is, ordinarily, but little preference as to the modes of one's being put to death. Both of the Bills aim a vital blow at constitutional liberty and civil freedom, and there can be no election in such a matter, if election were allowed. In this connection, we invite attention to the article from the National *Intelligencer*, which we publish upon our first page.

We are free to say, however, that much as we deprecate the action of Congress, and though we can see no great difference between its present legislation and the *design* of the original acts, we think it best that that design shall be relieved from all misconstruction or doubtful interpretation. It will be best for the Southern people to know, beyond controversy or cavil, what the iron hand exacts, and best for the District Commanders that their powers and duties shall be so strictly enjoined and defined, as to relieve them from all imputations of transgressing their legitimate authority. General Sickles, in allusion to this very position of delicacy and difficulty, in which he saw himself involved, found it necessary to explain, at Chapel Hill, that "he was not responsible for the legislation of Congress, but was only obeying orders as he understood them." Anything is preferable to a state of prolonged and wearing suspense and uncertitude.

Battle's Digest.—The July number of the *American Law Review*, published by Little, Brown & Co., of Boston, Massachusetts, contains the following complimentary notice of Judge Battle's *Digest* of the Reports of our Supreme Court:

"This Digest of Judge Battle's comprises all the cases contained in the 67 published volumes of North Carolina Reports. Till 1828 the North Carolina Decisions were collected in one series; since that time the Equity cases have been published separately; but in this Digest the Equity cases since the commencement of the Reports have been placed by themselves in a third volume.

The only satisfactory test of a Digest is its constant use in practice. To this test we have not put the present volumes, but, as far as we can judge by looking over them, the points decided are neatly and clearly expressed; there is none of that cumbersome display of common learning which disfigures so many modern Digests, and that humble, but invaluable part of a good Digest, a full system of cross references, is thoroughly carried out.

The book will, of course, be indispensable to every lawyer practicing in North Carolina, and more than ordinarily useful elsewhere; for the jurisprudence of North Carolina has kept closer to the old Common Law, and has been less affected by local statutes and usages, than in, perhaps, any other State.

Judge Battle has done wisely in not following the advice of some friends, that he should omit all cases relating to slavery. Selected or expurgated Digests are poor things, except for temporary use; and the institution of slavery has played altogether too large a part in the jurisprudence of North Carolina, to be totally excluded from such a Digest as this, which is not only a statement, but a history, of the law."

Thad. Stevens expresses the fear that the Radicals will lose Pennsylvania at the next election. He does not think that there is "earnestness enough in the State to unite and draw out the Republican strength, while the Republican portion of the Legislature has been so openly, notoriously and shamefully corrupt, that all the honest people in the State are disheartened and disgusted."

The *Constitutional Union*, of Washington city, reports that a Runic inscription has been discovered near the Great Falls in the Potomac; that it records the death of an Icelandic woman, named Suasa, who died in 1051; that the discovery proves the visit of the Northmen to our shores five centuries before the time of Columbus, and that they made explorations inland. It is also stated that fragments of teeth, bronze trinkets, coins and other curious things have been exhumed from the grave.

Commendable Honesty.—A few days since, a gentleman, at present sojourning in this City, by accident or carelessness left his pocket-book, containing over $100, open on the counter of Mr. S. D. Harrison, Fayetteville Street. Missing it late in the afternoon, he hastened to Mr. Harrison's, where he knew he had traded last, when he learned that the pocket-book had been picked up by a colored man, named John Sledge, who, he was informed by Mr. H., might easily have kept it without his knowledge. He did not conceal it, however, but handed it to Mr. Harrison, requesting him to take possession of it and deliver it to the owner, when he should call for it. Such honesty is worthy of mention.

Supreme Court.—This tribunal adjourns to-day. The following are the closing opinions:

By Pearson, C. J. In Pugh *vs.* Andrews, from Northampton, judgment affirmed. In Finch *vs.* Clark, from Franklin, judgment affirmed.

By Battle, J. In Brooks *vs.* Tucker, from Pitt, order affirmed. In Conly *vs.* Kincaid, in equity, from Burke, order affirmed.

By Reade, J. In Broughton *vs.* Haywood, from Wake, no error. In State *vs.* Knox, from Johnston, no error.

Over seventy cotton factories have been built in Georgia since the war.

Special Correspondence of the Sentinel.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

Greensborough, N. C., July 11, P. M., 1867.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the North Carolina Railroad occurred in this place, to-day, at 12 o'clock, M.—William A. Wright, of Wilmington, in the chair, and Richard Ashe and Daniel Worth, Secretaries.

Besides the Stockholders themselves, I see in attendance some gentlemen from other Railroads; among them, President Johnson, of the Charlotte and South Carolina Road, and S. L. Fremont, of the Wilmington and Weldon Road.

The meeting was pretty fully attended, and much interest was manifested in the affairs of the Road, and well there may be, for it is the leading artery of the vitality of North Carolina.

The trip from Raleigh here is to the point. It is performed in four hours. In 1843, I came from Raleigh to this town to school; then it took two days, hard work.

The number of shares represented by individual shareholders is 7,155.

The State stock is represented by Capt. Berry, of Orange, as proxy.

The Directors, on the part of the State, are O. G. Parsley, R. S. Tucker, Capt. Allen, Peter Adams, Jno. W. Thomas, J. M. Coffin, Gen. Wm. Means and Hon. Josiah Turner.

The President read his annual report, which goes to show that the income of the Road, from all sources, for the past year, was five hundred and ninety-eight thousand, one hundred and ninety-nine dollars. The expenses have been six hundred and ninety thousand, four hundred and fifty-six dollars and thirty-three cents. In the list of expenses, however, are inserted items belonging, properly, to former years, which have, of late, been brought up. By deducting the old debts from the gross earnings, there has been a nett income of one hundred and fifty-two thousand and sixty-six dollars and sixteen cents.

There has been a falling off of the total receipts of the Road, from last year, attributed to the general decay of business in the country. The excess of earnings last year, over this, were $279,832,71.

The loss of the Company, by the accidental killing of stock, has been near three thousand dollars, among which were 131 cows.

The number of passengers carried by the Company was 68,672. Compared with last year, a falling off of 24,396.

Not an injury has occurred to a passenger during the year; very few connections missed, and not a car has been off the track on account of bad road.

Through rates of passage and freight have been made with connecting Roads and Steamboat lines, and freights from new channels have found their way upon this Road. South Carolinians, instead of shipping through Charleston, are now, to an encouraging extent, sending by the North Carolina route, and they ship their produce by the same route.

It has been necessary to reduce the number of freight trains, traceable to the falling off of business in the land.

The road-bed is reported to be in admirable condition,—well graveled.

The iron of the North Carolina Road has been in use for *eleven* years, and needs renewing. Twenty-five miles of new iron are now needed. This would cost, new, $225,000. To have the old iron renewed would cost $125,000. This latter process is pronounced the preferable plan.

Six miles and a half of new iron have been put down during the year, and 87,000 sills, and there are 12,000 sills now on hand. 14,000 cords of wood have been used during the year, and there are now on hand over six thousand cords, or a six months' supply.

An entire renewal of the bridge across Yadkin river is about to be undertaken.

There has been a general refitting of water tanks, platforms, warehouses, etc.—The old Depot building at Raleigh is being re-modelled into a most convenient and comfortable Passenger House, for lunch room, ticket-office, saloons, etc., etc., materially comforting the traveler and advancing his convenience. The R. & G. R. R. bears half the expense.

A vast improvement has been made in the Depot arrangements of the N. C. R. R., and the Piedmont R. R. The company has 25 locomotives; 5 first class, 10 second class, 5 mail, 8 baggage and express, cars; 126 box, and 70 flat, cars.

The engine "Cameron" has been thoroughly repaired, at a cost of $3,000.

A large quantity of car material is now on hand in a finished condition, ready to be put together, and lumber for flat cars.

A handsome compliment is paid the Master Machinist, and his employees, for their skill in the work done.

Heavy loses have been paid in the form of indemnity for damages sustained by persons injured by powder, at the close of the war.

The bonded debt of the Road is $339,000. All outstanding liabilities $693,831,74.

A new route is alluded to, viz: a Railroad from Columbia, S. C., to Hamburg, S. C., (a town just opposite Augusta, Ga.,) which will shorten the route from upper Georgia to N. C. and the North.

A high eulogy is paid to the late great friend of internal improvements, Gov. Morehead, deceased.

Mr. Jas. Anderson, the Superintendent of the Road, is mentioned in terms of high compliment, for his efficiency and skill.

The discussion of the losses in certain cotton transactions was renewed. The whole matter was referred to the Board of Directors.

The Report of the Committee of Finance was read, which records some important improvements in the affairs of the Road.

There have been important reductions in the number of employees of the Road, and in general expenses. The fare is now *five* instead of *six* cents a mile, and freights have been lowered.

Gen. Rufus Barringer made some remarks upon the general condition of the Road; earnestly appealing to all who are interested in the Road and the State, to aid in the important work of making it pay, which he thought could be done only by each individual Stockholder interesting himself, personally, in its affairs.

Dr. J. F. Foard, of Olin, addressed the Company to the same purport.

Mr. President Webb addressed the Company, followed by Mr. W. A. Caldwell, of Greensborough, and others, relative to the general management of the Road, involving a wide range. A good deal of promiscuous matter came up.

Mr. R. S. Tucker, of Raleigh, made some excellent remarks, in which he desired to have it distinctly understood, that it was not the purpose of the Committee of Finance (of which he is a member) to reflect upon any one, in anything the Committee had done. The object was *one*, single and *pointed*, namely, the general interests of the Road.

"Dead-Head" received several merciless blows from a number of gentlemen. But it was hard to annihilate it, for the simple reason that "there are, and always must be, exceptions to all general rules."

The revision of the By-Laws was taken up and resulted in several changes, almost *de novo*. They prescribe the duties of the Directors, President, Secretary, Treasurer, Superintendent and Finance Committee. They provide for an Auditor of Accounts.

Capt. Berry, of Orange, introduced the following resolutions:

Whereas, The income and consequent profits of all Railroads depend obviously and mainly on the amount of transportation of passengers and freights, over the entire Road of any Company, and such income and profits are necessarily diminished, when such transportation is over but a part, instead of the whole length, of the Road; therefore,

Resolved, That it is manifestly the duty of the Directors of this Company to adopt and pursue such a course as will most surely carry into effect the principles and policy referred to in the preamble hereto.

Resolved, That the Directors of this Company are hereby instructed, as promptly as may be practicable, to make such arrangements, jointly with the Railroad Companies as well at the Eastern as the Western termini of the Road of this Company, as will most certainly insure the transportation of passengers and freight over the longest distance of the Road of this Company.

President Webb, Gen. Barringer, O. G. Parsley and Josiah Turner, Esqs., debated the point projected by the Resolutions in a spirited and able manner. They were carried and the meeting adjourned until to-morrow, Friday, 12th.

I will endeavor to give you the result of to-morrow's proceedings.

ITINERANT.

LETTER OF GENERAL SICKLES TO SENATOR TRUMBULL.

Charleston, S. C., July 5, 1867.

My Dear Sir:—I have decided not to begin registration in this district until Congress determines who shall be registered.—I trust, therefore, that it will be the pleasure of Congress to extend the time for the completion of my registration until—say, October or November. If I proceed now, and disregard the wishes of the President, my action would be regarded as insubordination; if I follow his intimations, many would probably be registered not eligible according to the true interpretation of the acts of Congress.

If it is meant that all who have held any office—Federal, State, or municipal—having taken an oath of office to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in rebellion, or given aid, comfort, etc., are disfranchised, this should *be expressly declared*; otherwise, if left to *construction*, it may be held that no other officers *are included than those classes enumerated in Article VI. of the Constitution*, and that even as to these *a full pardon removes the disqualification.*

If it is meant to exclude lawyers, they should be expressly mentioned, or else described by some classification; as for example, after the word "office," add "any license I calling or employment or profession." Otherwise, if the eligibility of lawyers be left to *construction*, it may be held that a lawyer is not a public officer, although a functionary of a court or other judicial body.

The truth is, we have now in operation two distinct systems of reconstruction, originated by Congress, and engrafted upon the President's plan of reconstruction. The *first* Congressional plan is expressed in the Howard constitutional amendment, leaving suffrage to be regulated by the several States, and imposing upon certain classes of persons disqualification for office, as a punishment for rebellion and as a safeguard for the future. That plan having been refused by the rebel States, Congress passed the reconstruction acts, which form a *second* scheme of reconstruction, entirely distinct in principle and plan from the former. In the second plan Congress assumes control of the question of suffrage, which is extended to *all* who can take a prescribed oath, and *also* enforces the disqualification for office, which would have been the penal and conservative feature of the first plan.—Now, it seems to me that the true conservative guarantee against reaction is in the addition made to the loyal vote by the enfranchisement of the colored people. That being done the occasion for the disqualification clause ceases. Hence, the true solution, I believe, is to declare, with universal suffrage, a general amnesty—*naming the exceptions.* A more general amnesty is, in my judgment, essential to the success of the Congressional plan of reconstruction. It will enlarge the range of popular choice for the important judicial, executive, and legislative departments of the State governments, otherwise inconveniently confined to classes very few of whom are fit to hold office. The *people* can surely be entrusted to judge and select from those who took part in the rebellion the men at once qualified and sincere in their adhesion to the new order of things. Such men, being eligible to office, will have motives to identify themselves with reconstruction, and to support the views of the majority. Now, more than ever, men of ability and experience in public business are needed for the State governments in the South; and it is truly unfortunate that at such a moment nearly all who know anything of public affairs, and especially those who could fill judicial stations, are disfranchised. This exposes the experiment of general suffrage to needless hazards. If the experiment fail, it is most likely to fail from the inability of the people to put in office those who could and would assure success. It would have been advantageous perhaps to have removed many disaffected persons, especially judges, sheriffs, and magistrates, in the execution of the sixth section of the act of 2d. March, if competent successors could have been found among those who are eligible to office; and I would regard the possession now of a wider field of choice for civil officers as one of the most effective instrumentalities in the execution of the military authority conferred upon district commanders. As it is, I find myself prevented, as will the people by and by, from securing for the public service men of aptitude and character, whose repentance is as certain as the devotion of the most consistent loyalist. In truth, the zeal of some of the converts outruns the discretion of many of the faithful. With reference to other practical suggestions, it might be useful if Congress, by one of its committees, interrogated the commanding officers of the several districts upon the operation of the reconstruction, and the further legislation required.

Very respectfully,

D. E. Sickles.

Hon. Lyman Trumbull, Chairman Judiciary Committee, U. S. Senate.

The *Observador*, of Matamoras, states that when Maximilian learned the sentence passed upon him, he offered a million of dollars to General Ribadaneira, the keeper of the prisoners, to be allowed a chance of escape. Ribadaneira requested a written promise from the Archduke, and when he obtained it, showed the document to General Escobedo. General Escobedo gave orders at once that, in case he attempted to escape, any of the guards might shoot him on his (Escobedo's) responsibility.

The Southern Orphan's Association.—Messrs. L. P. Palmer & Co. publish in the Richmond *Examiner* an announcement of the drawing in Washington of the first one hundred and twenty gifts of the Concert scheme. Full particulars can be obtained, it is said, by addressing that firm at Washington, D. C.

Augusta, Ga., July 10.—Registration has closed in this city with the following totals: whites, 1,546; blacks 1,731.

DIED.

In this City, yesterday afternoon, of Congestion of the brain, Wm MacDonnell, a native of Cork, Ireland. He had been for many years a resident of the United States.

He was of an open, generous disposition, and polite and affable in his intercourse with all who came in contact with him. He possessed a mind of remarkable intelligence, which had been much improved by extensive reading.

The funeral of the deceased will take place from the Baptist Church, this afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances and the public generally are invited to attend.

At the residence of his parents, in Mebanesville, Alamance Co., on the 8th. inst., Norwood, infant son of Col. William and Eliza Owen Bingham, aged 1 year and 5 days.

Parents, mourn not! The tender flower has but been transplanted to a fairer clime, where storms come not,—the garden of Paradise. Jesus has said, "of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."

W.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUCTION SALES.

SATURDAY, JULY 13th. 1867.

WILL be sold at TOWLES' AUCTION. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock,

1 Mahogany Bureau, 1 Fine do. Toilet Bedstead, 1 Set Cane Bottom Chairs, 1 Large Carpet, Tables, Wash Stands, Feather Beds,

MATTRESSES & BEDDING;

1 TRUNK AND CONTENTS;

READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c.

Also, to close consignment, 12 Kitts Mountain Butter, 13 Boxes Northern Cheese, 1 Box of Herring, and other goods.

JAS. M. TOWLES,
July 13-289-1t Auctioneer.

NOTICE!!!

My Store having been repaired, and my new Stock having arrived, I am again prepared to furnish my customers

"CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES."

I invite attention to the following carefully selected articles:

Prime Southampton Bacon,
No. 1 Refined Lard, (25 lb. Kegs,)
Family Flour,
Bolted Meal,
Java, Laguyra and Rio Coffees,
Fine old Teas,
Sugars of all grades,
Molasses and Syrup,
Family Roe Herring,
Rice, Salt,
Soap, Starch, &c.

All of which I will sell at lowest market price.

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 13-289-tf Market Square.

AGENTS WANTED,

To sell in every City and county in this State, interesting and popular works, the chief of which is the one entitled

WEARING OF THE GRAY,

by John Esten Cook, Author of "Surry of Eagle's Nest." It has over 600 pages, and is embellished with several battle scenes, &c.

Agents make from $1000 to $1200, a year. One with a horse and $50 capital, can begin, and carry on the work progressively. Books will be sent by mail or Express, on the reception of the retail price, which is $4, $5, $6, according to the binding.

All applications and orders, must be addressed to me.

S. N. WHITSON, Gen. Agt.
July 13-289-1w* Raleigh, N. C.

AURORA BURNING FLUID.

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THIS CELEbrated Fluid, and in doing so we feel assured that its superiority over any other FLUID OR OIL will give it a favorable acceptance with the public at large. It is NON-EXPLOSIVE. Free from any disagreeable smell.

It will not grease the hands.
It will not soil or grease the clothing.
It produces a soft and beautiful light.
It is not trying to the eyes.
It is the Cheapest Burning Fluid ever offered.
It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by changing the burner.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the best and most reliable Burning Fluid now in use.

We are prepared to furnish the trade with this valuable article at low rates, and we solicit from the public examination and trial. We are also prepared to furnish Lamps, Chimneys, Burners and Wicks. Rights to manufacture the oil or to sell in each county, will be sold on reasonable terms on application to

R. W. BEST & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
July 13-289-3m Raleigh, N. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
MACON COUNTY.

Superior Court of Law, April Term, 1867.

A. J. Patton, vs. Abner Moore. } *Original Attachment.*

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the attachment in this case has been returned, and that H. M. Penland and W. J. Marr have been summoned as Garnishees, and that they each answer that they are indebted to the defendant in the sum of thirty-two hundred dollars ($3200,)

It is therefore, ordered by the Court, now here, that publication be made in some public Gazette, for six weeks, commanding the defendant to be and appear at the next term of this Court, to answer the plaintiff according to law.

Witness, W. N. ALLMAN, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Franklin, the 10th. day of June, 1867.

W. N. ALLMAN, Clerk
July 13-w6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
MACON COUNTY.

Superior Court of Law, April Term, A. D. 1867.

Rebecca L. Bradshaw, vs. John H. Bradshaw. } *Petition for Divorce.*

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that *an alias subpœna* has been issued in this case, and that the same has been returned *not found*, and proclamation now being made as required by law, and the defendant failing to answer, it is therefore ordered by the Court, now here, that publication be made in some public Gazette, for six weeks, commanding the defendant to be and appear at the next term of this Court, to answer the petition of the plaintiff, or the same will be taken and confessed and heard accordingly.

Witness, W. N. ALLMAN, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Franklin, the 10th. day of June, 1867.

W. N. ALLMAN, Clerk.
July 13-w6w

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, MECHANics' Tools and supplies. General Hardware. Guano, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Paint Oil, Belting &c., &c.

mar 30-199-1t

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE.

ALL APPLICANTS ARE RECEIVED WHO are actually prepared for the collegiate course in one or all of its Departments, or who are intending to prepare for the same

The Collegiate course may be pursued with reference to an education purely Scientific or purely Classical. Each of the leading degrees conferred at graduation, however, requires such a blending of the studies of both branches, as will entitle the receiver to take rank as a scholar.

A student, provided he be fully employed, may devote himself to any one of the four Departments exclusively, and upon satisfactorily completing the studies of that Department will receive a degree of Proficient therein. The Faculty, however, recommend all whose time and talents will allow, to diversify their studies as far as possible. None under age are permitted to change the course selected without written instruction from parents or guardians.

THE DEPARTMENTS ARE:

I. Of Languages Ancient and Modern, } Prof. W. Royall and Adj. Prof. W. R. Royall.
II. Of Mathematics. } Prof. W. G. Simmons and Adj. Prof. L. R. Mills.
III. Nat. Science—Prof. W. G. Simmons.
IV. Of Belles Lettres—President W. M. Wingate.

The Fall Term opens on 1st. day of Sept. 1867. Tuition (Fall Term) in Preparatory School $22 00.
" " " Collegiate Course $30.00.

Board (table fare) per month $10, 12½ and 15. Room rent, servant's hire, lights, washing, and fuel are extra, and may be had on reasonable terms.

W. ROYALL, Sec. Fac.
June 29-275-d1w2m

FOR SALE.

The Subscriber has for sale a fine yoke of OXEN, and CART. Also, two or three good Milk Cows, that he will sell on moderate terms.

W. GASTON BANKS.
Clayton, N. C. July 12-288-2w

FAMILY GROCERS.

IRISH POTATOES.

5 bbls. Jackson Whites, (selected for family use,) received to-day by

DOUGLAS BELL.
May 31-251-tf

BACON! BACON!!

2000 lbs. Baltimore and Virginia Sides are offered at low prices by

DOUGLAS BELL.
June 24-269-tf

WE HAVE A BEAUTIFUL ARTICLE OF fine white Meal, freshly ground.

JENKINS & PERRY.
June 21-267-tf

ALSO, a very nice lot of N. C. Hams sma family sizes.

JENKINS & PERRY.
June 21-267-tf

WE also, have just received a very Superior Chewing Tobacco. The lovers of the "Weed" would do well to try some of this.

JENKINS & PERRY.
June 21-267-tf

PURE CIDER VINEGAR,

At

June 7-256-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

HERRINGS!!

10 Bbls. Cut Herring's,
5 Bbls. Gross Herrings.
10 Half Bbls. Roe Herrings, very cheap.

DOUGLAS BELL.
June 24-269-tf

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

20 Bbls. Flour, Patapsco Family,
Baltimore Extra and Fine for sale by

DOUGLAS BELL.
June 24-269-tf

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

10 Bbls. P. R. and refined Sugars,
5 Bbls. Molasses.

DOUGLAS BELL.
June 24-269-tf

SELLING OFF AT COST!!!

In consequence of the late accident and the untenable condition of my Store, I offer to the trade my entire stock at greatly reduced prices consisting in part of Choice Baltimore and Virginia Sides and Hams.

Flour of all grades,
Ten Barrels Molasses,
N. C. Herring Roe, Gross and Cut.
Coffee Rio, Laguyra and Java,
Wooden-ware and Hard-ware.

DOUGLAS BELL.
June 19-266-tf

PRIME CHEWING TOBACCO!

We have just received a very choice article of

Extra Sun Cured Chewing Tobacco,

Superior to that announced a week ago. Try it by all means.

JENKINS & PERRY.
July 2-277-tf

CORN! CORN!! CORN!!!

Another lot PRIME CORN, just received, which will be sold at lowest market price, by

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 9-285-tf Market Square.

HOES! WEEDING HOES! HILLING HOES!

Twelve Dozen "Elwell's" WEEDING AND HILLING HOES, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, for sale at reduced price, by

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 9-285-tf Market Square.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE NORTH AMERICA

LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States

THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit System—the accumulated profits going to the assured.

This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledge of public stocks.

No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.

Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewed premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.

No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.

No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.

Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.

Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either.

Our dividend, January 1st. 1866, was 45 per cent.

Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premium, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiting, after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in others.

The per centage of premium receipts in 1865, over 1864, was 25½ per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.

Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.

For insurance in this Company apply to

F. H. CAMERON,
Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington.
or
SEATON GALES,
July 1-280-codtim Agent for Raleigh.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. LACY'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

The exercises of this School will be resumed 18th. July 1866. Session of twenty weeks. Every effort will be made to give boys a thorough preparation for College or business. Terms, half in advance.

MRS. LACY'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES will be reopened on the 18th. July 1867. Session of twenty weeks. Terms as heretofore. Payment half in advance.

July 9-285-1d

DR. WILSON'S SCHOOL,

MELVILLE, ALAMANCE Co., N. C.

THE next session of this Institution will commence July 18th.

For circular, apply to either of the Principals.

Rev. A. WILSON, D. D., } Principals.
Dr. JNO. WILSON, }

June 14-262-2awlwdaw

ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

The Fifth Session of my school will commence on Monday, 15th July, and continue to 18th Dec., 1867.

Monthly payment will be required.

JNO. T. WOMBLE.
Raleigh, July 2-277-3t.*

FANS! FANS!! FANS!!!

Warm weather has come at last, and, with it, $2,000 FANS OF ALL SIKES AND DESCRIPTIONS,

PAPERED, SILVERED, LINEN, FOLDING AND POCKET FANS.

We have bought out a Frenchman, who lately failed in New York, and we can now sell you a better Fan at 15c. than you ever bought before at 25c.

Call and Procure a Fan.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
May 30-250-tf

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A square will be hereafter estimated at 13 minion lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	2,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	3,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional "	3,50
One square three months	12,00
Each additional "	4,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1867.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The public will find the *Sentinel* one of the best mediums of advertising in the State. Its circulation covers a larger area, perhaps, than any other paper.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Builder's Materials, Labor-Saving Pump, &c.: Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern.

Court notices from Macon Co.: W. N. Allman, Clerk of the Superior Court.

Cheap Family Groceries: Douglas Bell, Market Square. A large and select stock.

Aurora Burning Fluid: R. W. Best & Co.

Agents Wanted: S. N. Whitson, General Agent.

Attractive Auction this morning: James M. Towles, Auctioneer.

THE AURORA BURNING FLUID.—When we spoke of this new light a few weeks since, we had not tested its merits, but spoke only of its general reputation. We have since tried it, and do not hesitate to express the opinion that it will be found one of the very cheapest and best lights now in use.

The manufacturers in this City, Messrs. R. W. Best & Co., have made complete arrangements for its preparation, and will be able to supply it, at wholesale, in any quantities.

"WEARING THE GREY."—Mr. S. M. Whitson, General Agent for this State, desires to engage a number of sub-agents to canvass for the capital work bearing the above attractive title, from the pen of the accomplished author of "Surry of Eagle's Nest." Active, energetic young men can probably make such an engagement remunerative.

From the Lancaster Intelligencer.

THAD. STEVENS INSISTS UPON BEING BURIED WITH NEGROES.

The *Express* has discovered another of those remarkable acts which it predicts will add the lustre of immortal renown to the name of Thaddeus Stevens. It admits that he never made any "special professions of piety;" but it might have gone further and said, with truth, that he has been all his life a scoffer at religion and a reviler of sacred things. Still the *Express* thinks the old sinner will be saved, because, to use his own language:

"He has always recognized what all Christians admit in the abstract to be a fundamental principle of Christianity, that 'God is no respecter of persons, but in every nation he that feareth Him and worketh righteousness is accepted with Him;' that "He hath made of one blood all the nations of men to dwell on the face of the earth,' and that 'the rich and poor meet together, and the Lord is maker of them all.'"

Nobody doubts that Thaddeus Stevens has always been in favor of negro equality, and here, where his domestic arrangements are so well known, his practical recognition of his pet theory is perfectly well understood. But Mr. Stevens has given another exemplification of the faith that is in him. The *Express* thus sets it forth as demanding the admiration of the world:

"Several years ago, when the Lancaster Cemetery was incorporated, Mr. Stevens purchased two lots, for which a deed was duly executed. Some years later, in looking over his papers, he noticed for the first time the clause prohibiting the interment of colored people in the cemetery. He at once conveyed the lots to the company, with his reasons, and asked that they be put upon the record. A short time ago he purchased a couple of lots in Woodward Hill Cemetery and when the deeds were handed to him he noticed a similar clause, excluding the burial of people of color. The brave old mon declared that he could not consent to have his bones laid in a cemetery where any of God's children were excluded for no fault of their own, and he promptly returned the deeds. He then, only a few days ago, selected a lot in "Shreiner's Cemetery," where no such distinction is made among the dead, and there will the dust of the Old Commoner repose—not, we trust, however, until he has seen the great work of reconstructing the nation on an enduring basis of liberty and equal rights, which he has so consistently labored for, triumphantly consummated."

There are few men, indeed, who have given to the world such open and notorious evidences of a belief in negro equality as Thaddeus Stevens has done. A person not of his race, a female of dusky hue, daily walks the streets of Lancaster when Mr. Stevens is at home. She has presided over his house for years. Even by his own party friends she is constantly spoken of as Mrs. Stevens, though we fancy no rights of mother church ever gave her a claim to the title.

It is very natural for men to desire to sleep their last sleep with those they have loved in life. If Thaddeus Stevens insists upon being buried side by side with the woman he is supposed to have taken to his bosom, it is entirely a matter of taste. But, why did he not purchase a lot in the African burying ground at once? There no man's bones would have jostled his, and she, who has so long been his most intimate associate, might have been gathered to his side without exciting public scandal.

A distinguished citizen who has just returned from a visit to the Northwest, says that the Democrats are confident of carrying Ohio at the coming election, and that candid Republicans admit that nothing can prevent it but injudicious nominations.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR

FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM AND COUNTER Scales, Evans and Watson's Fire and Burglar proof Safes, Marble Monuments and Tombstones, Carey's Sugar and Syrup Evaporators, Carey's improved Sorghum Mills, Sulky Plows, Cider Mills, &c., &c.

mar 29-198-1t

COTTON GINS AND PRESSES.

MITCHELL, ALLEN, CO.,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA, FOR HORace L. Emery & Sons' Patent Universal Cotton Gins and Condensers.

This Gin has been selected by "The American" Commissioners for the Paris Exhibition, being superior to all others in the market.

April 1-200-1t

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA

FOR

HORACE L. EMERY & SONS' PATENT UNIversal Cotton Gins and Condensers, Lever and Railway Horse Powers;

Ingersoll's Cotton and Hay Presses,

The most improved Cotton Planters and Plows.

March 28—1t

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGRICULTURAL HOUSE AND HARDWARE STORE.

SELL EVERY ARTICLE NEEDED BY THE Coach and Harness Maker: Rims, Spokes, Hubs, Axles, Enamelled Leather and Cloth, Harness Leather and Trimmings, Saddles, Harness, Bridles, &c., &c.

April 2-201-1t

THE ROMANCE OF BEAUREIN COURT.

An Episode extracted from the retrospect of Miriam Manfort, by the author of the "Household of Bonvert, just published and to hand. Price $2.00.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

June 27-272-1t

THE SENATE BILL.

SUPPLEMENTARY RECONSTRUCTION.

A bill to give effect to an act entitled "an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 2, 1867.

Be it enacted, etc., That the true intent and meaning of the "act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 2, A. D. 1867, was, is, and shall be construed to be that the military authority of the United States in said rebel States, as provided in said act, was and is paramount to any civil government existing therein; makes all such civil governments subordinate to such military authority, and prohibits them from interfering in any way with the exercise of such military authority.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the commander of any district named in said act shall have power, subject to the approval of the General of the armies of the United States, whenever in the opinion of such commander the proper administration of said act shall require it, to suspend or remove from office, or from the performance of official duties and the exercise of official powers, any officer or person holding or exercising, or professing to hold or exercise, any civil or military office or duty in such district under any power, election, appointment, or authority derived from or granted by, or claimed under any so-called State or the government thereof, or any municipal or other division thereof, and upon such suspension or removal such commander, subject to the approval of the General aforesaid, shall have the power to provide from time to time for the performance of the said duties of such officer or person so suspended or removed by the detail of some competent officer or soldier of the army to perform the same.

SECTION 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the General of the armies of the United States shall be invested with all the powers of suspension, removal and detail granted in the preceding section to district commanders.

SECTION 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the acts of the officers of the army already done in removing in said districts persons exercising the functions of civil officers and appointing others in their stead are hereby confirmed.

SECTION 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the boards of registration provided for in the act entitled "an act supplementary to an act entitled 'an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 2, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, shall have power, and it shall be their duty, before allowing the registration of any person, to ascertain upon such facts or information as they can obtain, whether such person is entitled to be registered under said act, and the oath required by said act shall not be conclusive on such question, and no person shall be registered unless such board shall decide that he is entitled thereto; and such board shall also have power to examine under oath (to be administered by any member of such board) any one touching the qualification of any person claiming registration.

SECTION 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the true intent and meaning of the oath prescribed in said supplementary act is (among other things) that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State or who has held any executive or judicial office in any State, whether he has taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and who has afterward engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof, is entitled to be registered or to vote; and the words "executive or judicial office in any State" in said oath mentioned shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of the several laws of the State.

SECTION 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the time for completing the original registration provided for in said act may, in the discretion of the commander of any district, be extended to the 1st day of October, 1866; and the boards of registration shall have power, and it shall be their duty, commencing twenty days prior to any election under said act, and upon reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of three days the registration lists; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list, and such person shall not be allowed to vote. And such board shall also, during the same period, add to such registry the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said act who have not been already registered, and no person shall at any time be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty for any act or thing which, without such pardon or amnesty, would disqualify him from registration or voting.

SECTION 8. *And be it further enacted*, That section 4 of the said last-named act shall be construed to authorize the commanding general named therein, whenever he shall deem it needful, to remove any member of a board of registration, and to appoint another person in his stead, and to fill any vacancy in such board.

DR. WM. LITTLE,

HAS RESUMED THE PRACTICE OF MEDIcine in Raleigh and its vicinity.

OFFICE, at Col. Geo. Little's.

Raleigh, July 5-278-1m

LIME.

An excellent quality of Lime, suitable for fertilizing purposes can be had at Salisbury at $14.00 per long Ton, or $12.00 at Catawba Station.

Apply to

POWELL, WILSON & CO.

Catawba Station, N. C.

June 26-271-6m

COMMISSIONERS OF CLAIMS.

This Commission will be open for the reception of Claims, until the 22nd. inst.—after which date their labors will be confined to the specific adjustment of the claims that will have been at that time presented.

JAS. C. HARPER, Ch'n.

July 11-287-4d

Progress, Standard and Register copy 4t day.

BRASS PAD LOCKS, FOR DOG COLLARS.

J BROWN,

June 29-271-tf With HART & LEWIS.

NOTICE.

The next general meeting of the Stockholders of the Cheatham Railroad Company, will be held at the office of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, in Raleigh, on Monday, the 15th. inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M.

W. W. VASS,

July 8-285-tf Sec'y.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } WAKE COUNTY.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, MAY TERM, 1867.

In rem. On the matter of Romulus M. Saunder's will.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of this Court that William J. Saunders, and Bradly T. Johnson, and his wife Jane Johnson, heirs at law of the testator, the said R. M. Saunders, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is ordered that advertisement be made in the Semi-Weekly *Sentinel*, for six weeks, notifying them to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held on the 3rd. Monday in August next, then and there to see proceedings in this matter, and to make themselves parties thereto, if they shall see proper so to do.

Witness, J. J. FERRELL, Clerk of our said Court at office, the 3rd. Monday in May, A. D. 1867.

J. J. FERRELL, C. C. C.

June 19-2aw6w

TELEGRAPHIC.

Friday Evening Dispatches.

THE NEW ISLAND.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12,—M.

Another expedition has returned from an unsuccessful search for the new island in the Pacific. The search extended to 160 degrees West longitude, and 41 degrees North latitude. It is believed that the island is in the vicinity visited.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, July 12, M.

The committees to investigate the assassination and the treatment of prisoners have commenced work.

The Wisconsin Democratic State Convention has nominated Charles Flanderean for Governor. The resolutions oppose negro suffrage.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, July 11, P. M.

Cotton: Middling uplands 10½. Orleans 10¾.—Sales 10,000 bales.

Saturday Morning Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, July 12, P. M.

HOUSE.—Mr. Julian asked leave to introduce a resolution, ordering the Reconstruction Committee to report a bill forfeiting lands granted to the Southern States for Railroad purposes, stating that there were five millions of acres of the best land in the South in the hands of rebel corporations, which the poor men, white and black, should have for homesteads.

Mr. Wood objected.

Mr. Julian moved to suspend the rules.

The rules were suspended by a vote of 99 to 35, and the resolution was so modified as to embrace only Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, Arkansas and Louisiana, and passed.

Mr. Butler offered a resolution that the District Commander be authorized to issue $4,000,000 in coupon bonds at 7 3-10 per cent. to repair the levees on the Mississippi, which should be a condition precedent to the admission of Louisiana. He moved a suspension of the rules, which failed.

The Senate reconstruction bill was reported with several amendments.

A rambling debate ensued, during which Mr. Logan, of Illinois, said he had no sympathy with any man who went bail for Jefferson Davis. If it had been he who captured Jefferson Davis,—he asserted it and Mr. Greely could publish it,—that there never would have been any trouble in trying Jefferson Davis either in a civil or a military court, except as he (Logan) might organize. He himself would have been the court and there would now be no Jefferson Davis. He would to-day, if he had the power, hang Jefferson Davis and every one of his Cabinet officers.

The only man in America who had nerve enough to hang traitors was Juarez.

Mr. Stevens moved the previous question on the bill as amended.

It passed and went back to the Senate.

The House took recess to 8 o'clock.

In the SENATE, Mr. Chandler called up the resolution directing the Committee on Foreign Relations to enquire how many Mexican soldiers were executed after their capture.

He said that Maximilian's operations were a part of the rebellion. If he had succeeded, the decree of '65 would have been inflicted on Union soldiers.

Maximilian signed his own death warrant in signing that decree. He ought not to have died by the bullet. The officer capturing him should have hung him to the first tree. This was not done, and it proved the Mexicans to be a chivalrous people.

The course of this government toward Mexico is cowardly.

Mr. Johnson spoke favorably of Maximilian.

Mr. Nye denounced him as an agent of Napoleon to assist the rebellion. He eulogized Juarez.

Mr. Howard thought that Maximilian's fate was deserved.

Mr. Wilson offered a bill authorizing the Secretary of War to raise four regiments, and appropriating a million and a half dollars, for frontier defences.

The Senate went into executive session, and took recess until 8 o'clock.

One of the House amendments to the reconstruction act is to the effect that the opinion of any civil officer of the government shall not bind the District Commanders or any of their subordinates, and State officers must take the iron clad oath.

Julian's bill forfeiting the Southern Railroad land contains a section providing that all lands sold for Federal taxes or under the bankrupt law, shall be sold in lots of not less than twenty nor more than eighty acres.

REVENUE—THE SURRATT TRIAL.

WASHINGTON, July 12,—P. M.

The expense of collecting revenue from customs last year was $6,267,000.

Internal Revenue to-day, $785,000.

In the Surratt trial, two detectives contradict Weichman and Susan Jackson in some of the details of their evidence.

Miss Honora Fitzpatrick testified that the supper scene which Susan Jackson said occurred on the night of the assassination took place on April 3rd.

Three men from Elmira swear positively to the prisoner's identity with a person who visited their clothing store in Elmira on the 12th., 13th., or 14th. of April.

The latter testified to his presence there on the 13th and 14th. This caused considerable sensation. The witnesses were confident and emphatic.

STEAMBOAT DISASTER.

CHARLESTON, July 12.

Information reached here this afternoon, that the steamboat R. E. Bell capsized in a squall in Waccamaw river on the 5th. Several persons were drowned, including Capt. Garrison, Lieut. Daggett, a lady and four negroes.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 12, P. M.

Cotton easier. Sales 2,000 bales at 26@26¼.

Flour active. State $7,10@$11,25. Southern $9,75@$16,25.

Wheat firm. New South Carolina $3,350.

Mess Pork $22,75.

Spirits Turpentine 57@58.

Stocks improved. Gold $1,39½. 5-20 Coupons of '62 $111¼, of '64 $109¾, of '65 $109¾. New issue $108¾. 10-40s $102¼. 7-30s, first series, 108¾; second series, 10,745.

WILMINGTON, July 12.

Spirits Turpentine steady, 51. Rosin—Stock very light. Steady, $2,60@$5,50.

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 20) G. B.	45
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	24
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	50
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	21
" Commerce	15
" Washington	10
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	30
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	20
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	135
Silver	120
Old Coupons	85
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER, RALEIGH N. C.

BACON		15@16
BEEF		10@10
BUTTER		30@35
COTTON		18@20
CORN	1 50@1 40	
COFFEE		30@35
EGGS		10@00
DRIED FRUIT—Apples	$2 50@3 00	
" Peaches, per bu.	none	
FOWLS		30@50
FLOUR—Family	14 00@16 00	
" Superfine	12 00@13 50	
LARD		15@20
MEAL	1 30@1 50	
MOLASSES		60@75
NAILS		9@10
PEAS—White	1 25@1 35	
" Stock	1 10@1 25	
POTATOES—Irish	1 75@2 25	
" Sweet	62½ 50	
RAGS		4@2
SALT	3 25@4 25	
SUGAR—Crushed	18@22	
" Brown best	15@17½	
" Common Brown	12½@15	

SPECIAL NOTICES

Gent's ready made CLOTHING and FURNISHING GOODS,

AT COST

For thirty days only,

at M. ROSENBAUM'S.

July 2-277-tf

YOUR LAST CHANCE!

Only two more cases of those find CALF BOOTS at $4,00.

at M. ROSENBAUM'S.

July 2-277-tf

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large Supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL.

Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.

July 11-287-6m

FREE TO EVERYBODY.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer, 21,

April 6-205-1ydaw Troy, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

MISS FRANCES A. HAYWOOD WILL REOPEN HER School, on Monday, July 22nd. 1867, at the residence of Miss E. E. Haywood, East of the State Bank.

July 11-1w*

TRINITY COLLEGE.

THE next Term will commence Aug. 14.

Tuition,	$20 to 30 per. Session.
Board,	$12 per month.
Washing	75cts. to $1,00 per month.

Payment in currency in advance.

July 11-287-4d B. CRAVEN.

FARM VALLEY ACADEMY,

LENOIR COUNTY, N. C.

The second session of this institution will commence on the 25th. July inst.

It is a school for both sexes, and every attention will be paid to the improvement of the students.

TERMS: In the English department per session $15,00.

Latin and higher branches of English per session $20 00.

C. C. LOVEJOY.

Kinston, July 11-287-1w*

SELECT MALE SCHOOL,

WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

The 5th. Session of this School will commence July 18th. and continue 20 weeks.

TUITION: Classics $25; Elementary Branches $20.

BOARD, including every thing except lights and towels, $75.

No deduction made except in case of protracted sickness. Location healthy. Neighborhood pleasant. Pupils will be met at Littleton Depot, if requested.

Address,

JOHN GRAHAM, Principal; or

Rev. C. M. COOK.

July 11-287-2w* Littleton, N. C.

Henderson Collegiate Institute.

HENDERSON, N. C.

THE third session of this Institution will begin on the 15th. July 1867.

Terms per session of twenty weeks (half in advance, the balance on 1st. October:)

Primary Department, (Currency)	$20.00
Higher English	25.00
Classical	30.00
Incidental Expenses	1.00

Board, including washing, fuel, lights &c., per month $16.50.

For Circular, address,

FRED. A. FETTER, A. M.

June 26-271-3tawlm Principal.

WANTED.

A Lady qualified to teach OIL PAINTING, and other ornamental branches, can obtain a situation, by applying immediately to

J. R. GRIFFITH,

Lenoir, Caldwell Co.,

July 11-287-ecd2w N. C.

NEWS PAPER FOR SALE!

A SEMI-WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, SITUated in one of the very wealthiest sections of Eastern North Carolina, at the terminus of four Railroads, and having a fine advertising patronage and good subscription list, is offered for sale on reasonable terms. the proprietors wishing to engage in other business.

For further particulars, apply at

THIS OFFICE.

July 11-287-4w

TO MILLERS.

I need a Practical Miller at once, and will pay a liberal price for one that can conduct the business of a Manufacturing Mill.

Early application is desired

Apply to me at Ridgeway, N. C., Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road.

July 11-287-ecd2w W. F. COLLINS.

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL, }
JOHN B. BURWELL, A. M. } Principals.

THE next Session commences on the 1st. day of October and continues until 20th. June, 1868.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address,

REV. R. BURWELL & SON,

Charlotte, July 12-288-3tawtOct 1.

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

THOMASVILLE FEMALE COLLEGE.

THOMASVILLE, N. C.

REV. D. R. BRUTON, A. M., PRESIDENT, and Professor in Mental and Moral Philosophy and Belles Lettres.

JOHN M. DAVIS, A. M., Professor in Mathematics and Ancient Languages.

——, Professor in Natural Sciences.

Mrs. NANNIE S. DAVIS, Teacher in English Literature and Assistant in Music.

Miss THEO. A. WELFARE, Teacher of French and Assistant in English.

Miss CARRIE M. BUTCHER, Teacher in Music.

——, Teacher in Oil Painting, Drawing &c.

Mrs. M. W. DAVIS, Matron.

The Fall Term of the next Collegiate year will commence on Thursday, 30th. of July, and close 20 weeks thereafter.

For Catalogue, giving full particulars, address the President.

June 28-274-4w

FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

WARRENTON N. C.

THE fifty third session of this Institution will commence on the 17th. of July, with a full corps of experienced and efficient instructors.

The course of study extensive, instruction thorough and systematic. Government parental and attention paid to refinement of taste and manners; as well as to developing the intellect and storing the mind. Warrenton is noted for healthfulness; and a favorite resort of persons from the Eastern part of the State, during the sickly seasons.

Pupils received at all stages of the session, and boarded through vacation if desired. For Circulars, and further particulars address either Rev. M. M. MARSHALL, Mrs. M. J. WILCOX, or Rev. Wm. HOOPER, D. D.

June 21-267-d2m

KITTRELLS SPRINGS FEMALE COLLEGE,

(WITHIN TWO HOURS RIDE OF RALEIGH, AND A HALF MILE OF KITTRELL'S DEPOT, RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROAD.)

THE next Session will open on the 17th. July. The Catalogue for the past scholastic year shows 178 boarders, which fact speaks for itself as to the popularity of the School.

Terms moderate and accommodating. Every room has been renewed. New mattresses &c., &c. C. B. RIDDICK, President.

Kittrells Springs, N. C.

June 21-267-1m*

YADKIN COLLEGE AND

B. F. SEMINARY,

Davidson County, N. C.

THE above Institutions will open, in buildings a mile apart, August 1st. 1867.

The President of the Institutions will be assisted by the necessary Teachers.

The duties of the two schools are positively distinct.

Students can board with private families, if they prefer. Our boarding-houses and offices have been re-arranged, so as to insure comfort.

Books, clothing, &c., kept on hand, near by, for accommodation at a small per cent.

The President hopes to be able to enter ten young men from ten different counties for the next session, and perhaps longer, and wait with them until they can pay by teaching or otherwise. They must be over twenty, sound in body, and willing to observe certain rules, a copy of which they will receive on application.

EXPENSES FOR A SESSION OF TWENTY WEEKS:

Tuition, from $5.00 to $20.00. Payment in advance.

Board, $45.00.

Entrance, $1.00.

Board is $10.00, if paid by the month.

For further information, address

Rev. G. W. REGE, A. M.

July 5-278-dawswlawlw. President.

MISS MANGUM'S PRIVATE SCHOOL.

The tenth Session of Miss Mangum's School for Young Ladies, at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Willie P. Mangum, will commence on the 1st. of August, 1867.

For Circulars, address,

Miss M. P. MANGUM,

Care of Dr. J. F. CAIN,

June 12-260-6w Hillsboro, N. C.

FRANKLINTON MALE ACADEMY,

Will resume duties on 22d. July 1867. Tuition per session from $14 to $31.

Board per month $12 to $15. For Circulars address,

ALEX. W. NEAL, A. M. Principal.

June 27-272-1f

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,

HILLSBORO, N. C.

MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

The Fall Term of 1867 will open on the 26th. July, and continue twenty weeks.

Circulars forwarded on application.

June 3-253-3m*

SELECT SCHOOL FOR

YOUNG LADIES

The next Session of Mrs. HOWELL'S Select School will commence July 18th. 1867.

English Branches, Music, French and Latin will be thoroughly taught.

For particulars, address,

MRS. V. C. HOWELL,

July 9-285-eod2w Raleigh, N. C.

OXFORD FEMALE ACADEMY,

GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

REV. H. G. HILL, PRINCIPAL.

THE Fall Session opens Thursday, the 25th July 1867.

Circulars forwarded upon application.

June 19-265-2aw6w

BELMONT SCHOOL,

Granville County, N. C.

The FALL SESSION of 1867 begins July 11th.

Boys arriving at Henderson, N. C. at the proper time, will find prompt conveyance.

For Circulars, address,

R. H. GRAVES,

June 28-273-2wdawsw Oxford, N. C.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE,

LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA.

GEN. R. E. LEE, PRESIDENT, aided by a corps of twenty Instructors, including a Professor of Law.

The next session will begin on 3rd. Thursday in September, and end on 3rd. Thursday in June.

Lexington may be reached by stage from Staunton or Goshen on the Virginia Central Rail Road; from Lynchburg by Canal, or by stage from Bonsack's on the Va. & Tenn. Rail Road.

For further particulars apply to Clerk of the Faculty for Catalogue.

July 2-276-5w

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE,

FRANKLIN Co., N. C.

The Fall Session will begin on the *Fourth Wednesday* in July.

Superior advantages are here offered to a limited number of pupils. Location pleasant and healthful. Course of study extensive. Instruction thorough and systematic. Standard of attainments high. Religious advantages ample.

Terms reasonable. For Catalogues containing full particulars, apply to

T. M. JONES,

June 19-256-tf President.

DAVENPORT FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE SUMMER AND FALL TERM OF THIS Institution opens the 3rd. of July 1867, with a full corps of experienced teachers.

Board $11.00 per month.

Tuition the same as in other Institutions of like grade.

For Catalogues address,

J. R. GRIFFITH,

July 11-287-ecd2w Lenoir, Caldwell Co. N. C.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

FOR SALE,

VERY FINE BLACKBERRY WINE,

made last year.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

July 5-281-tf Wholesale Grocers

CORN.

1,500 Bushels Corn for sale.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

July 1-276-tf Wholesale Grocers.

SUPERIOR N. C. WHISKEY,

In Bbls and Cases, of the make of Nick Williams and others.

N. C. Family Flour, Dried Peaches and Apples, Fresh Mountain Butter, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

June 8-256-tf Wholesale Grocers.

LARD.

50 Kits Sweet White Lard, for family use, just received.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

July 10-285-tf Wholesale Grocers.

ON CONSIGNMENT.

10	Barrels Yadkin Co., Rye Whiskey,	
20	Five and ten gallon Kegs,	"
10	Barrels selected Corn,	"
10	" Rectified	"
5	" Apple Brandy,	
80	Gals. Scuppernong Wine,	
40	" Old Madeira	"
40	" Sherry	"
25	" Old Cognac Brandy,	
25	" Rose Gin	"
40	Cases Starch Wine,	
20	Baskets Champagne,	"
5	Casks 40 doz. Knox & Son's Sparkling Ale,	
10	Cases Haw River Rye Whiskey,	

All of above we know to be good and we will sell to suit the times.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Commission Merchants.

Raleigh, June 18-264-tf

HERRINGS! HERRINGS!! HERRINGS!!!

50 Barrels N. C. Cut Herrings,

50 " No. 1, Gross Herrings, Norfolk Inspection,

Barrels Cocoa Nuts.

Just received and for sale by

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

July 1-276-tf

SMUT MACHINES!

"McMANNEN'S *Celebrated Smut and Screening Machine*,"—the best in the world.

We are Agents for the sale of the above, and will furnish the same at manufacturer's prices.

E. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

July 11-287-tf Raleigh, N. C.

Standard and Progress copy.

TO FARMERS.

H. L. Emory & Son's Cotton Gins.

Eagle, " "

Brown, Clemmons & Co's. Georgia Cotton Gins"

Daniel Pratts' reliable " "

Ingersoll's Cotton Press,

H. L. Emory & Son's Railway Horse Powers,

Hutchinson's Patent Cider and Wine Mill,

Scully's Cider and Wine Mill,

All kinds Leather and Gum Belting,

Plantation Bells,

Union and Doty's Washing machines,

Collins' Cast Steel Plows,

Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c.,

We are agents for the sale of all the above, and propose to sell at manufacturer's prices, and warrant all we sell.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

BEG TO REFER TO

A. T. Mial, Wake Co.

D. Hinton, " "

G. W. Mordecai, " "

Dr. W. J. Hawkins, Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Co.

Col. J. M. Hock, Warren, Co.

Raleigh, N. C. July 10-286-tf

Standard and Progress.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS.

PROPRIETORS:

WM. A. HURD, ... OF NEW ORLEANS.

W. F. CORKERY, Spottswood Hotel, Richmond.

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD OFFICES, IN ROTUNDA OF HOTEL.

July 4-280-3m

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR,

GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. Va.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,

MONROE COUNTY, W. Va.

Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th. July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, *via* stages.

HOT SPRINGS,

HEALING SPRINGS, and

BATH ALUM SPRINGS,

BATH COUNTY, VA.

Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,

ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, VA.

Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS, (FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)

Route *via* Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,

MONTGOMERY COUNTY, VA.

Route *via* Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,

BOTETOURT COUNTY, VA.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c.

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30-250-1m*

BUFFALO SPRINGS,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY, VA.

THIS well known Watering place, newly improved and fitted up, is now open for

THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

THE FOLLOWING TARIFF CHARGES HAS BEEN ADOPTED:

BOARD, PER DAY	$ 2,50.
" " WEEK	12,50.
" " MONTH	35,00.

CHILDREN AND SERVANTS HALF PRICE!!

After June 15th, the Regular HACKS,

FROM THE SPRINGS WILL MEET

PASSENGERS

From Richmond at Scottsburg depot, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, and from Danville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

A BAND

Has been engaged for the season, and other Amusements are provided.

T. PAXSON,

June 3-253-2m Proprietor.

LIFE INSURANCE.

ASSETS OVER

$15,000,000,00

INCOME OVER $6,500,000,

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

The Largest Life Insurance Company in the World!

IT HAS NO STOCK CAPITAL; THE FIFTEEN Million Dollars all belong to the Policy holders, which now exceed 44,000, and not withstanding the payment of a sixty per cent dividend last year, there is now a surplus of over $5,000,000,00. It has had, through its entire history, the smallest average expenses, and, therefore, it is the safest and cheapest Life Insurance Company in existence.

"That Company in which the average expenses are the lowest and the rate of interest obtained on investments is the highest (other things being equal,) affords life insurance at the least cost; also that Company is the safe in which the largest number is insured."

THAT COMPANY IS THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL.

This Company gives the Policy holder a credit or forbearance of one half his premiums, and in case of early death, the dividends will always equal the number of out-standing credits.

All policies non-forfeitable by their terms. No extra charge made on policy holders living in this State.

SAMUEL D. WAIT,

General Agent for N. C.

Office with P. F. PESCUD, Agent for Raleigh and vicinity.

June 15-261-1m

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOS. BRANCH & CO.,

No. 1015 Main Street,

(OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,)

Richmond, Va.;

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

No. 8 Old Street

PETERSBURG, VA.;

BRANC

THE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1867.

THE HIDDEN WING.

BY MISS C. W. BARBER.

A heavenly Cherub came to earth—
He was a tiny thing,
With speaking eye, and lovely face,
And folded, hidden wing:
The parents nursed their babe with care
But dream'd not that that *wing* was there.

The Cherub gaz'd adown life's track—
It seemed algloomy way:
Tears glistened bright, like pearly dew,
Upon each way-side spray,
And pilgrims trod o'er thorns with care,
Whose food was grief—whose breath was prayer.

The Cherub thought then of the bowers
Of light and bliss in Heaven,
And wondered at the meed of woe,
Which to this world is given;
He looked upon each tear-gemm'd spray
And fear'd to tread the dangerous way.

"Oh, BACK—OH, BACK" he cried "TO HEAVEN!"
And showed his hidden wing;
The parents gaz'd in sad surprise—
Gazed upward, sorrowing,
And knew an ANGEL had gone back,
When they beheld his shining track.

He stayeth now in fields of green,
Where silvery waters flow,
And on his smiling brow is seen,
No shade of earthly woe:
He stands where white robed Seraphs sing,
And wears, exposed, his glistening wing.

'Twas blessed thus to turn away,
Nor tempt life's dangerous strand;
That Cherub might have LOST his wing
Amid earth's treacherous sand,
And found—alas! ah! NEVER more,
The peace and bliss of God's own shore.

HOW IT CAME ABOUT.

There was a fine old general once, who, having spent most of his life in the field of Mars, knew very little about the camp of Cupid. He was one of those rough and honest spirits often met with in his gallant profession, innocent as an infant of almost everything save high integrity and indomitable bravery. He was nearly fifty years old, and his toils were over, when master Dan made him acquainted with a widow Wadman, in whose eyes he began to detect something that made him feel uneasy.

Here was the result of leisure.

At length, however, the blunt honesty of his disposition rose uppermost among his conflicting plans, and his course was chosen. At school he had once studied "Othello's Defence," to recite at an exhibition, but made a failure; he recollected that there was something in this defence to recite very much like what he wanted to say.—He got the book immediately, found the passage, clapped on his hat with a determined air, and posted off to the widow Wadman's, with Shakespeare under his arm.

"Madame," said General Uncle Toby, opening the book at the marked place, with the solemnity of a special pleading at the bar—"Madame"—

Rude am I in my speech,
And little blessed with the set phrase of peace;
For since these arms of mine had seven years pith
Till now some nine moons wasted, they have used
Their dearest action in the tented field;
And little of this great world can I speak,
More than pertains to feats of broil and battle;
And therefore—"

Here the general closed the book, wiped his forehead, looked up at the ceiling, and said with a spasmodic gasp, "I want to get married!"

The widow laughed for ten minutes by the watch before she could utter a syllable, and then she said, with precious tears of humor rolling down her good natured cheeks, "And who is it you want to marry, General?"

"You," said Uncle Toby, flourishing his sword arm in the air, and assuming a military attitude of defiance, as if he expected an assault from the widow immediately.

"Will you kill me if I marry you?" said the widow, with a merry twinkle in her eye.

"No, madame," replied Uncle Toby, in a most serious and deprecating tone, as if to assure her that such an idea had never entered his head.

"Well, then, I guess I'll marry you," said the widow.

"Thank you, ma'am," said Uncle Toby, "but one thing I am bound to tell you—I wear a wig."

The widow started, remained silent a moment, and then went into a longer, louder and merrier laugh than she had indulged in before, at the end of which she drew her seat nearer the General, gravely laid her hand upon his head, gently lifted his wig off and placed it on the table.

General Uncle Toby had never known fear in hot battle, but he now felt a decided inclination to run away. The widow laughed again, as though she would never stop, and the General was about to put his hat upon his denuded head and bolt, when the facetious lady placed her hand upon his arm and detained him. She then raised her hand to her own head with a rapid manœuvre, and with her finger pulled off her whole head of fine glossy hair, and placing it upon the table by the side of the General's, remained seated with ludicrous gravity in front of her accepted lover, quite bald!

As may be expected, Uncle Toby now soon laughed along with the widow, and they grew so merry over the affair that the maid servant peeped through the key-hole at the noise, and saw the old couple dancing a jig and bobbing their bald pates at each other like a pair of Chinese mandarins. So the two very shortly laid their heads together upon the pillow of matrimony.

THE NUMBER 9.

A property of the number 9, discovered by W. Green, who died in 1794, is inexplicable to any but a mathematician. The property is this: That when 9 is multiplied by 2, by 3, by 4, by 5, by 6, &c., it will be found that the digits composing the product, when added together, give 9. Thus:

2 x 9—18, and 1 and 8—9
3 x 9—27, and 2 and 7—9
4 x 9—36, and 3 and 6—9
5 x 9—45, and 4 and 5—9
6 x 9—54, and 5 and 4—9
7 x 9—63, and 6 and 3—9
8 x 9—72, and 7 and 2—9
9 x 9—81, and 8 and 1—9
10 x 9—90, and 9 and 0—9

It will be noticed that 9 x 11 make 99, the sum of the digits of which is 18 and not 9, but the sum of the digits 1 and 8 equals 9.

9 x 12—108, and 1 and 0 and 8—9
9 x 13—117, and 1 and 1 and 7—9
9 x 14—126, and 1 and 2 and 6—9

And so on to any extent.

M. de Malvan discovered another singular property of the same number. If the order of the digits expressing a number be changed, and the number be subtracted from the former, the remainder will be 9 or a multiple of 9, and, being a multiple, the sum of its digits will be 9.

For instance, take the number 21, reverse the digits, and you have 12; subtract 12 from 21, and the remainder is 9. Take 63, reverse the digits, and subtract 36 from 63; you have 27, a multiple of 9, and 2 and 7—9. Once more, the number 13 is the reverse of 31; the difference between these numbers is 18, or twice 9.

Again, the same property found in two numbers thus changed is discovered in the same numbers raised to any power.

Take 21 and 12 again. The square of 21 is 441, and the square of 12 is 144; subtract 144 from 441, and the remainder is 297, a multiple of 9; besides, the digits expressing these powers added together give 9.—The cube of 21 is 9,261, and that of 12 is 1,728; their difference is 7,533, also a multiple of 9.

Little Alice found out an ingenious way of getting to bed in a hurry. The crib in which she slept was so low that, by placing one foot on the inside, and taking hold of the post, she could easily spring in. "Mama," said she to her mother, one evening, "do you know how I get to bed quick?" "No," was the reply. "Well," said she in great glee, "I step one foot over the crib, then I say 'rats,' and scare myself right in."

GENERAL ORDER NO. 32.

HEADQUARTERS, 2ND MILITARY DISTRICT,
Charleston, May 30.

General Orders No. 32.

1. Any citizen a qualified voter according to the requirements of the Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2nd, 1867, and the act supplemental thereto, passed March 23rd, 1867, is eligible to office in the Provisional government of North and South Carolina. All persons appointed to office will be required to take the oath prescribed by the act aforesaid and to file the same duly subscribed and sworn with the Post Commander.

2. All citizens assessed for taxes, and who shall have paid taxes for the current year, are qualified to serve as jurors. It shall be the duty of the proper civil officers, charged with providing lists of jurors, to proceed within their several jurisdictions, without delay, and ascertain the names of all qualified persons, and place them on the jury lists, and from such revised lists all jurors shall be hereafter summoned, and drawn in the manner required by law.

3. All citizens are eligible to follow any licensed calling, employment or avocation, subject to such impartial regulations as may be prescribed by municipal or other competent authority, not inconsistent with common rights and the Constitution and laws of the United States. The bond required as security shall not exceed the penal sum of one hundred dollars. One or more sureties being citizens and worth, in the aggregate, double the amount of the bond, over and above just debts, will be sufficient.

4. The Mayors of cities and other municipal and town officers, and all Sheriffs, Magistrates and Police officers, are required to be vigilant and efficient in maintaining order, and in the discharge of their duties. They will be expected to co-operate with the military authorities.

5. Post commanders may summon to their aid, whenever the ordinary means at their disposal shall not be sufficient to execute their orders, such of the civil officers, and as many of the citizens, within the territorial limits of the military post, as may be necessary, and the neglect or refusal of any person to aid and assist in the execution of the orders of the Commanding officer will be deemed a misdemeanor, punishable by such fine and imprisonment as may be imposed by a military tribunal approved by the Commanding General.

6. No license for the sale of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one gallon or to be drank on the premises shall be granted to any person other than an Inn-keeper. The number of such licenses shall be determined, and the fees to be charged for each license shall be prescribed and collected, by the municipal or town authorities and appropriated exclusively for the benefit of the poor. If any person shall be found drunk on the premises where liquor is said the license may be revoked by any magistrate. The tax imposed by the Internal Revenue laws of the United States is an additional charge and does not excuse the person from the observance of local regulations, nor exempt him from the payment of such other license fees as may be imposed by the municipal or other competent authorities.

7. All contracts hereafter made for the manufacture, sale or transportation, storage or insurance of intoxicating liquors shall within this military district be deemed and treated as against public policy, and no civil action, suit or proceedings for the enforcement of any such contract shall be entertained in any court.

8. In public conveyances on railroads, highways, streets or navigable waters, no discrimination because of color or caste shall be made, and the common rights of all citizens therein shall be recognized and respected. The violation of this regulation will be deemed a misdemeanor and render the offender liable to arrest and trial by a Military tribunal to be designated by the commanding General, besides such damages as the injured party may sue for and recover in the civil Courts.

9. The remedy by distress for rent is abolished. Where lands are leased, or let out for hire or rent, cotton, corn or other produce of the same, when severed from the land, may be impounded, but the same shall not be removed. Any cotton, corn or other produce so impounded shall be held as security for the rent or hire so claimed and may be sold in satisfaction of any judgment for the same, *Provided*, that any unsatisfied claim for labor bestowed upon the cultivation of such cotton, corn, or other produce, shall, in no case, be postponed to any demand for rent or hire. But to the extent of such claim for labor there shall be a lien on such cotton, corn and other produce having preference over any claim for rent or hire.

By command of
MAJ. GEN. SICKLES.
J. W. CLOUS, A. A. A. G.

BOOK STORES.

25000 WHITE, BUFF, AND CANARY Envelopes.
Paris Envelopes, White and Colored; Fine French Note Paper.
For sale by
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Next door to Williams & Haywood's Drug Store.
May 29-249-tf

IMPORTANT ITEM.

Books and Stationery are still cheaper than when we wrote you last.

In purchasing our new stock of goods, we have selected only the VERY BEST ARTICLES, and that of them we find to be cheaper than the same qualities purchased in January and February.—We buy nothing but *quick stock*, hence we can afford to sell for *small profits*.

In order to sell well one must *buy* well, and this, several years of experience enables us to do. It is certainly our interest to give general satisfaction, and this has always been our aim. We are to-day receiving a *lot* of fine French and American Letter Note, and Foolscap papers, which we will sell reasonably.

Call at our New Store next door above Tucker's New Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 22-268-tf

WEARING OF THE GRAY!

Cloth Binding	$4.00.
Sheep "	5.00.
Half Calf "	6.00.

This book is sold only by Agents. We are the sole Agents for Wake county and the city of Raleigh.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
July 10-286-tf

SOMETHING NEW!
PHOTOGRAPH BIBLES!
STUART'S FREEMASON'S MANUAL!
IS DAVIS A TRAITOR?
Dr. Livingstone's Travels and Explorations in South Africa.
Illustrated, Dictionery of the Bible, &c.
All just to hand at Fentress's corner, our new store.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 4-253-tf

4 DOZEN SOUTHERN HARMONY AND MUSICAL Companion.
100 Bradbury's Golden Chain and Censer.
1000 Sabbath School Wreath, &c., &c.
For sale by
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
May 29-249-tf

THE ROMANCE OF BEAUSEIN COURT.

An Episode extracted from the reirospect of Miriam Manfort, by the author of the "Household of Bouveri, just published and to hand.—Price $2.00.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 27-272-tf

NOTICE.

The next general meeting of the Stockholders of the Chatham Railroad Company, will be held at the office of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, in Raleigh, on Monday, the 15th. inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M.
W. W. VASS,
July 8-285-tf Sec'y.

LIME.

An excellent quality of Lime, suitable for fertilizing purposes can be had at Salisbury at $14.00 per long Ton, or $12.00 at Calawba Station.
Apply to
POWELL, WILSON & CO.
Calawba Station, N. C.
June 26-271-6m

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be void and void.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law, and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER.
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 4th. section of the Sherman Bill:

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SEC. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

SEC. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

SEC. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

SEC. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, House of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1862

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted, &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registirtrion will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for —— months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God," which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

SEC. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty days public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each, representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the same to the commanding general, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

SEC. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

SEC. 5. That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

SEC. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office;" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

SEC. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

SEC. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

FOR RENT.

A small family, living in a most desirable part of the city, having a large, commodious residence, would rent half of the house and lot, including kitchen, pantry, smoke-house, garden &c., to desirable parties.

The house can be had furnished or unfurnished; either by the month or year. There is also a most delightful well of water on the lot. Terms moderate. Apply at the "SENTINEL" OFFICE.
June 4-253 tf

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

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JOSEPH H. HYMAN,
Late of Tarboro, N. C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,
No. 24, Exchange Place,
NEW YORK.
Aug. 25-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

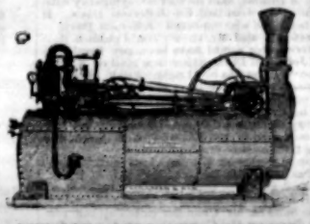
We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice. Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

Refer to—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.
JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. B. UTLEY.
Feb. 20-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY
PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,
ZANESVILLE, OHIO.



DUVALS' IMPROVED PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. DUVALS PREMIUM CORN MILLS AND IMPROVED FLOURING MILLS.

These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They afford the best, cheapest, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

These Engines are tired and thoroughly tested before leaving the works, and are warranted in all respects perfect and ready for immediate use. They are warranted to cut more lumber with less hands and at less expense than any other in the Union.

For descriptions, price lists and other information address,
LOUIS ZIMMER & CO.
Guilford Land Agency,
Greensboro' N. C.
June 26-271-3m Sole Agent for N. C.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

PRICES REDUCED!!

IN ORDER TO PLACE PHOTOGRAPHS WITH in the reach of everybody, and thereby increase my business, I have

REDUCED THE PRICE

of Photographs one fourth.
Now is the time. Call early.
J. W. WATSON.
may 28-197-tf

JUST RECEIVED,
A SUPERB LOT OF
GENT'S FINE CALF BOOTS,
CALF GAITERS,
LASTING GAITERS,
LASTING SHOES,
OXFORD TIES,
From the celebrated manufactury of T. MILES & SON.
A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
May 10-222-tf

A SITUATION WANTED.

A Young Lady, who has experience in teaching, desires to obtain a situation as Teacher of the English branches in a Family School, or as an assistant. The best of testimonials will be given.
Address the
EDITORS OF THE SENTINEL.
June 19-265-tf

NEW BOOKS.

TREATMENT OF FRACTURES,
By N. R. SMITH, M. D.
Showing the use of the Anterior Suspensory Apparatus. It is a new work well illustrated and finely printed. Price $2.00.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 27-272-tf

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.
No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.
NEW YORK,
SUCCESSORS TO
ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.
OF NEW YORK,
AND
SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,
OF NEWARK, N. J.
Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Men's and Boys' Clothing.
C. W. GARRETT, A. S. SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT.
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
May 15-1867

PIEDMONT SPRINGS FOR SALE.

ON THE 15TH. DAY OF AUGUST, 1867, WE shall sell, on the premises, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the celebrated watering place known as

PIEDMONT SPRINGS,

and 56¼ acres of land attached, situated in Stokes County, North Carolina, three miles from the capital of the county.

This valuable property is in the midst of the most picturesque and romantic scenery in America. The salubrity of the climate and virtue of the water are too well known to need comment. Fit and suitable accommodations for FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS. For further information apply to M. W. Smallwood, Rich Square, Northampton county, N. C.

TERMS OF SALE:—Twelve months credit, bond and approved security with interest from date, title retained till purchase money paid.
M. W. SMALLWOOD,
JOHN TILLERY, } Trustees.
July 6-283-td

HORSE POWERS AND WHEAT THRESHERS.

I can furnish to order, at Manufacturer's prices, with freight added:
Sinclair's IMPROVED HORSE POWERS, Wheat Threshers, Fanning Mills, Apple Mills and Presses, Cradles, Propeller Cutting Knives, Corn Shellers, Horse Rakes, Montgomery's Rocktaway Pans, Smiths' Virginia Cutting Knives, and any other implements wanted.
Orders solicited at once.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
June 12-260-tf Agent.

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MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
Steam Engines and Boilers,
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LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE
TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,
ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR.
Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Gears.
mar 29-198-6m.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spence Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety.
Hydrants,	All the different styles
Pumps,	of Grates,
Hams, Fountains,	High Up and Low Down Portable
Water Wheels	Grates, &c.,
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-236-1y

PIANOS! PIANOS!!

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
RALEIGH, N. C.
AGENTS FOR STIEFF'S 1st PREMIUM GRAND AND SQUARE
PIANOS,

FACTORIES 81 & 86 CAMDEN ST., AND 45 & 47 PERRY ST., OPPOSITE THE BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R. DEPOT, AND WAREROOMS NO. 7, W. LIBERTY ST., ABOVE BALTIMORE, BALTIMORE, Md.

Stieff's new Scale Pianos, with the Agraffe treble and Ivory fronts, are pronounced by the best Professors and Amateurs to be the best Pianos now in use. They are fully warranted for 5 years, with privilege of exchange within 12 months, if not entirely satisfactory to the purchaser.

Second hand Pianos and Cabinet Organs always on hand from $50 to $300.

REFERENCES: (Who have our Pianos in use) Gen. Robt. E. Lee, Lexington, Va., Gen. Robt. Ransom, Wilmington, N. C., Rev. C. B. Riddick, Kittrell's Springs, N. C., Max Strakosch, Director Italian Opera, and Miss Caroline M. Richings, of the English Opera.

TERMS LIBERAL, A CALL IS SOLICITED.
May 22-243-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR
OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.
W. H. MORRISS & CO.
April 29-214-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO., GOODS,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you desire to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter trade, with the very best descriptions and styles of

ALL-WOOL CASSIMERES,
AND WITH THE MOST DURABLE
JEANS AND KERSEY FABRICS,

All free from Shoddy and other impurities, order samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August.

From these samples you can make your selections, and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the manufactory.
JOHN A. YOUNG,
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OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE
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HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,
Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
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36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
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20 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Belves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.
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Feb 23-169-tf

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WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO ALL BUSINESS intrusted to his care.
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